**Topic Page Number**

**1 - Basic CPP Fundamentals – 01**

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**Basic Programs and Notes –**

1 - Reverse a Number

2 - Palindrome Number

3 - sum of digits

4 - Prime No. program

5 - All Prime Numbers b/a a & b

**Basic CPP Fundamentals -**

#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int main()

{

//     cout<<"51 LPA Get Placed\n";//51 LPA Get Placed

//     cout<<5;//51 LPA Get Placed

//     cout<<10+5;//15

//     cout<<20\*5;//100

//     cout<<20/5;//4

// // Data type basics

//     int variable = 50;

//     cout<<variable;//50

//     float variable1 = 50.50;

//     cout<<variable1;//50.50

//     char var = 'A';

//     cout<<var;//A

//     bool var2 = true;

//     cout<<var2;//1 - true is consider as 1 in cpp

    // int a = 10;

    // int b = 100;

    // int c = 1000;

    // cout<<a<<endl;//10

    // cout<<b<<endl;//100

    // cout<<c<<endl;//1000

    // cout<<a+b+c<<endl;//1110

// Taking input in cpp

    // int var3;

    // cout<<"ENter the var3 value"<<endl;

    // cin>>var3;//5000

    // cout<<var3;

// Loops in CPP -

    // print the numbers from 1 to 111

    // for (int i = 1; i <= 111; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<i<<endl;

    // }

    // int j = 1;

    // while (j<=15)

    // {

    //     cout<<j<<endl;

    //     j++;

    // }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

// reverse the number

    // int num;

    // cout<<"Enter the no. you want to reverse"<<endl;

    // cin>>num;//372

    // int Reversenum = 0;

    // while (num!=0)

    // {

    //     int last\_digit = num%10;

    //     Reversenum = Reversenum\*10+last\_digit;

    //     num = num/10;

    // }

    // if (Reversenum==num)

    // {

    //     cout<<"Yes..!! Palindrome number"<<endl;

    // }

    // else

    // cout<<"Reversed No. is - "<<Reversenum<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

// Palindrome Number - no. having same value when reverse

    // int num;

    // cout<<"Enter the no. you want to check that its Palindrome or not"<<endl;

    // cin>>num;

    // int reversenum = 0;

    // int originalnum = num;

    // while (num!=0)

    // {

    //     int last\_digit = num%10;

    //     reversenum = reversenum\*10+last\_digit;

    //     num = num/10;

    // }

    // if (reversenum == originalnum)

    // {

    //     cout<<"congrats you got a PALINDROME NUMBER"<<endl;

    // }

    // else

    // cout<<"The reverse order of inserted number is " <<reversenum<<"and it's not a palindrome number"<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

// 3 - sum of digits

    // int num2;

    // cout<<"Numvber ka sum"<<endl;

    // cin>>num2;

    // int sum=0;

    // while (num2!=0)

    // {

    //      int last\_digit = num2%10;

    //      sum = sum+last\_digit;

    //      num2 /=10;

    // }

    // cout<<sum<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

// Prime Number Program

// No. either divide by itself or 1 is prime number - so if no is divisible by 2 to number-1 any number -> Then will not be a prime number

// int num;

// cout<<"Enter the no. you wants to check for Prime or Not"<<endl;

// cin>>num;

// if (num==1)

// {

//     cout<<"No. is Neither Prime Nor Compite"<<endl;

// }

// for (int i = 2; i <= num-1; i++)

// {

//     if (num%i==0)

//     {

//         cout<<"Not a Prime Number"<<endl;

//         return 0;

//     }

// }

// cout<<"prime number"<<endl;

}

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Functions in CPP –**

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

// Functions in C++

// int reverse(int num)

// {

//    int Reversenum = 0;

//    while (num!=0)

//    {

//        int last\_digit = num%10;

//        Reversenum = Reversenum\*10+last\_digit;

//        num = num/10;

//    }

//    return Reversenum;

// }

// int main()

// {

//    // reverse number calling the program for execution

//    int num;

//    cout<<"Enter the no. you want to reverse"<<endl;

//    cin>>num;

//    cout<<reverse(num)<<endl;

//    // now by using the function concept i can do the same for multiple times

//    cout<<reverse(num)<<endl;

//    cout<<reverse(555)<<endl;

//    cout<<reverse(658)<<endl;

//    cout<<reverse(1010)<<endl;

// }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

//  Number sum -

// int digit\_sum(int num2)

// {

//     int sum = 0;

//     while (num2 != 0)

//     {

//         int last\_digit = num2 % 10;

//         sum = sum + last\_digit;

//         num2 = num2/10;

//     }

//     return sum;

// }

// int main()

// {

//     cout<<digit\_sum(1257)<<endl;

//     cout<<digit\_sum(3458)<<endl;

//     cout<<digit\_sum(555)<<endl;

// }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

// Prime Number Program

// bool isprime(int num)

// {

//     if (num==1)

// {

//     cout<<"No. is Neither Prime Nor Composite"<<endl;

//     return 0;

// }

// for (int i = 2; i <= num-1; i++)

// {

//     if (num%i==0)

//     {

//         cout<<"Not a Prime Number"<<endl;

//         return 0;

//     }

// }

//     cout<<"prime number"<<endl;

// }

// int main()

// {

//     int num;

//     cout<<"Enter the no. you wants to check for Prime or Not"<<endl;

//     cin>>num;

//     isprime(num);

//     cout<<isprime(num)<<endl;

// }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

// bool isprime(int num)

// {

//     if (num==1)//it based on the qun as per given treat 1 ptime or not. here treating 1 as prime

// {

//     return true;

// }

// for (int i = 2; i <= num-1; i++)

// {

//     if (num%i==0)

//     {

//         return false;

//     }

// }

//     return true;

// }

// int main()

// {

//     int num;

//     cout<<"Enter the no. you wants to check for Prime or Not"<<endl;

//     cin>>num;

//     isprime(num);

//     cout<<isprime(num)<<endl;

// }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

// Print all Prime Numbers between a and b

bool isprime(int num)

{

    if (num == 1)

    {

        return true;

    }

    for (int i = 2; i <= num - 1; i++)

    {

        if (num % i == 0)

        {

            return false;

        }

        return true;

    }

}

int main()

{

    int a, b;

    cout << "ENter the numbers respectively, from where you want to checking for prime number \n"

         << endl;

    cin >> a >> b;

    for (int i = a; i <= b; i++)

    {

        if (isprime(i))

        {

            cout << i << endl;

        }

    }

}

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Array Programs -**

1 - Taking Input in array. Sum, Mul, & Avg of an aray

2 - Find Min, Max & Any particular element in array

3 - Find element at any indexing, 1st index element, last index element

4 - Find Frequency of any element in Array

5 - Reverse & Sorting of an array

6 - Max & Min using Sorting, K-max & K-Min using Sorting

7 - Targeted Element. Print yes if there is a pair in the array that sum up to target. Array ke kisi element ya kinhi bhi elements ka sum target ke brabr he to yes kre

8 - For given 2 arrays, find Union & Intersection

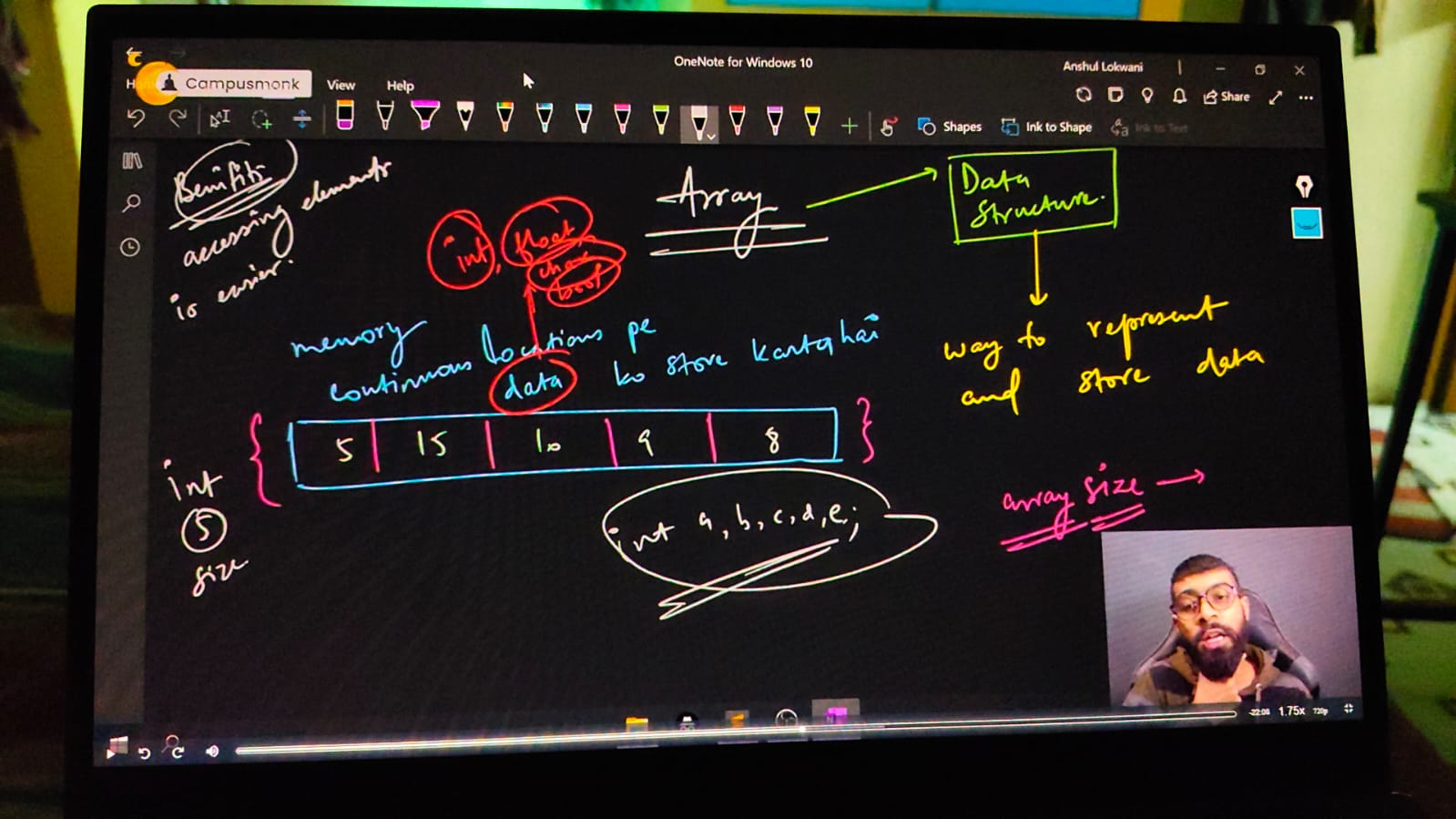
9 - Find majority element if any.

10 - Array Rotation - Left, Right, K-times

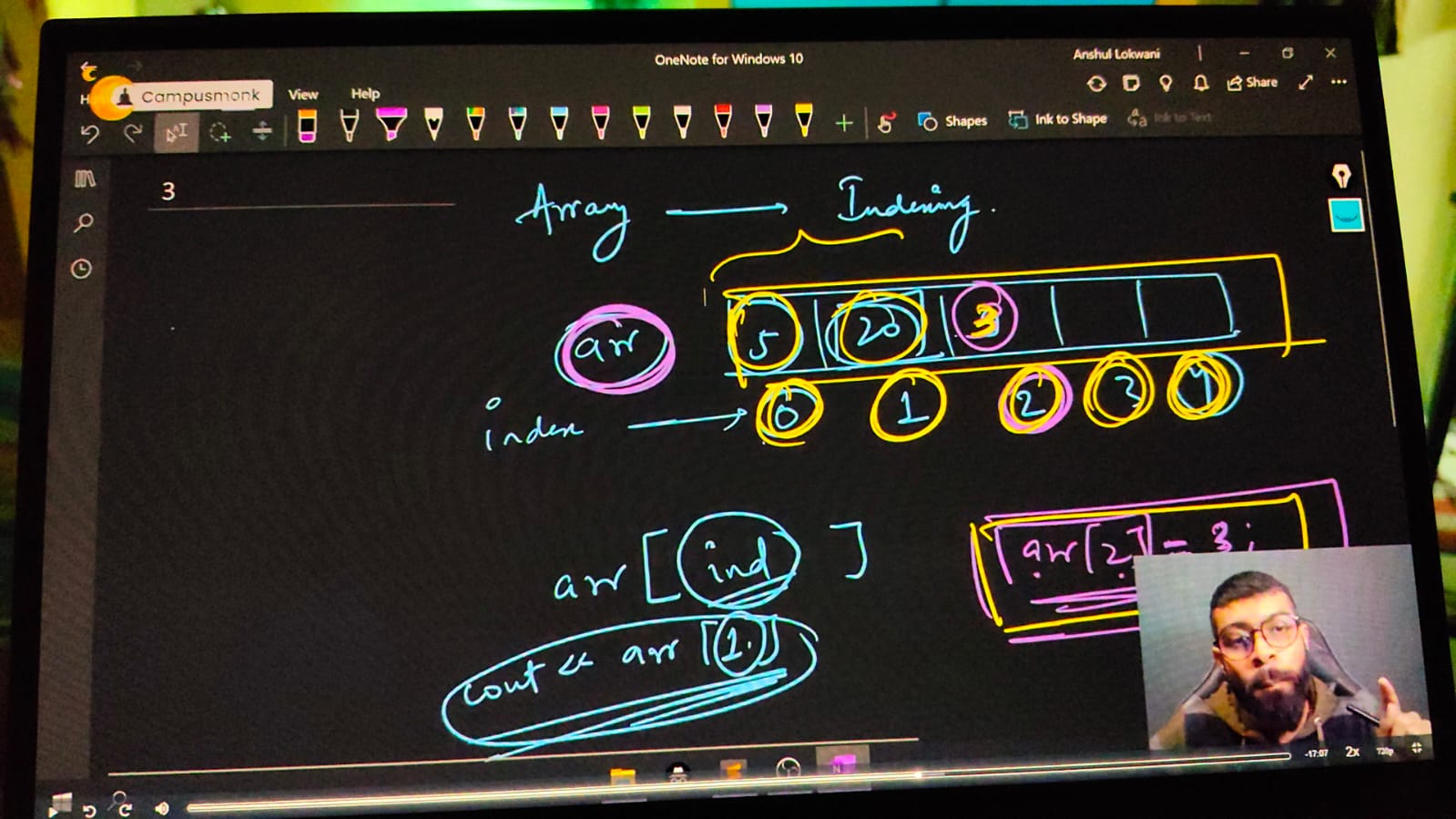
11 - Subarray : - If target found using subarray sum then put yes otherwise leave it with no.

12 - maximum Profit on selling

**Arrays in CPP –**



Array indexing concewpt –



#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int main()

{

    // Array in CPP -

    // Array declaration and array syntax -

    // DATATYPE ARRAY\_NAME [Size]

    int arr[5];

    // initialization of an array -

    int arrr[6] = {6,5,4,3,2,1};

    // array printing

    /\*

    cout<<arrr[0]<<endl;//6

    cout<<arrr[1]<<endl;//5

    cout<<arrr[2]<<endl;//4

    cout<<arrr[3]<<endl;//3

    cout<<arrr[4]<<endl;//2

    cout<<arrr[5]<<endl;//1

    cout<<arrr[6]<<endl;//6422280 - error as memory not specified so any bvalue produces toa avpid error

    \*/

    for (int i = 0; i <= 5; i++)

    {

        cout<<arrr[i]<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Taking input for array size**

    // int size; cout<<"mrntion the size of arry you want to take for elements"<<endl; cin>>size;

    // int arey[size];

    // cout<<"Now enter the array values one by one"<<endl;

    // for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)

    // {

    //     cin>>arey[j];

    // }

    // cout<<"You entered array values as following - "<<endl;

    // for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arey[j]<<endl;

    // }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// sun of array's elements**

    // int sum=0;

    // int aruy[5] = {10,20,30,40,50};

    // for (int k = 0; k < 5; k++)

    // {

    //     sum=sum+aruy[k];

    // }

    // cout<<sum<<endl;

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Mltiplication of all elenewntds of an array**

    // int product=1;

    // int aruyy[5] = {10,20,30,40,50};

    // for (int k = 0; k < 5; k++)

    // {

    //     product=product\*aruyy[k];

    // }

    // cout<<"So the multiplication result is - "<<product<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Avg of an array**

    // int avg=0,summ=0;

    // int aruyyy[5] = {10,20,30,40,50};

    // for (int k = 0; k < 5; k++)

    // {

    //     summ=summ+aruyyy[k];

    //     avg = sum/5;

    // }

    // cout<<"So the sum  is - " <<summ<<" and the avg is - "<<avg<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Now usign this sum/Ml/Avg printing approach by taking input from the user manualy**

    // int size;

    // cout<<"Enter the size of array you wwant"<<endl;

    // cin>>size;

    // int arrey[size];

    // cout<<"It's  time to enter the values of your array dude"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)

    // {

    //     cin>>arrey[i];

    // }

    // cout<<"So the insereted eleemnts are - "<<endl;

    // for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arrey[j]<<endl;

    // }

    // int totalsum=0, mul=1,avgg=0;

    // for (int k = 0; k < size; k++)

    // {

    //     totalsum = totalsum+arrey[k];

    //     mul=mul\*arrey[k];

    //     avgg = float(totalsum/size);

    // }

    // cout<<" The sum of inserted elements is "<<totalsum<<endl;

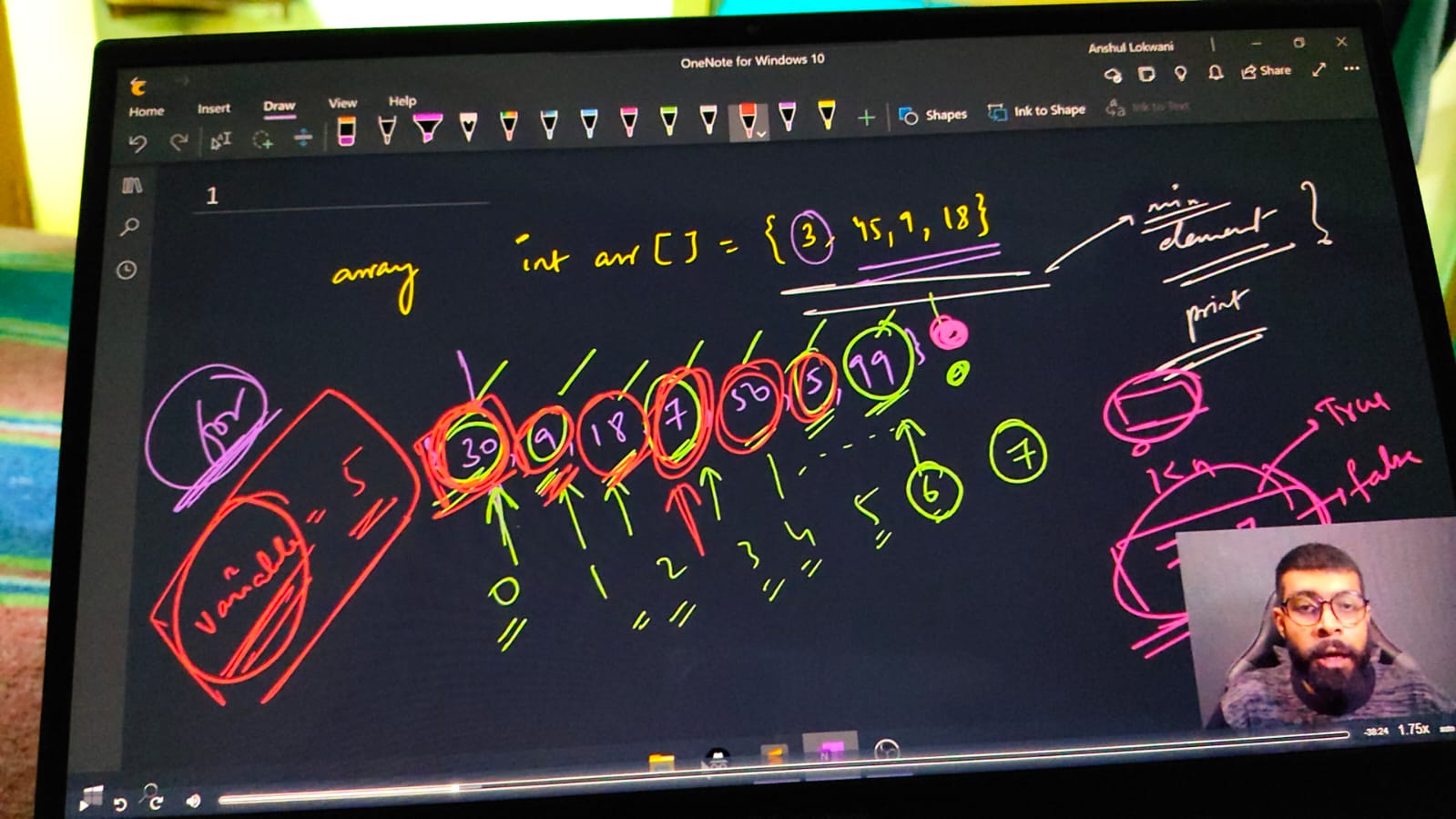
    // cout<<" So the multiplication result is - "<<mul<<endl;

    // cout<<" and the most epic avg of elements is "<<avgg<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

// Array Basic QUnstions -

**// 1) - Min. Element from Array**



// int n;

    // cout << "ENtert no. of elements in your array " << endl;

    // cin >> n;

    // int arr1[n];

    // cout<<"Enter elements of an array - "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cin >> arr1[i];//15,2,89,75,63

    // }

    // // for min. element among all

    // int minelmnt = arr1[0];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     if (arr1[i] < minelmnt)

    //     {

    //         minelmnt = arr1[i];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout << "Min element among this is - " << minelmnt << endl;// - 2

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 2) - Max. Element from array -**

    // int n;

    // cout << "ENtert no. of elements in your array " << endl;

    // cin >> n;

    // int arr2[n];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cin >> arr2[i];//15,2,89,75,63

    // }

    // // Max eleemnt  -

    // int maxelemnt = arr2[0];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     if (arr2[i] > maxelemnt)

    //     {

    //         maxelemnt = arr2[i];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout << "Maximum element is - " << maxelemnt << endl;// - 89

    // These two quns were about aRRAY traverse or array iterate

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 3) FInd any element present in the array or not**

    // int n;

    // cout << "ENtert no. of elements in your array " << endl;

    // cin >> n;

    // int arr1[n];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<"Enter the "<<i<<" element value "<<endl;

    //     cin >> arr1[i];

    // }

    // // Find ELement  -

    // int searchingelement = 50;

    // // cout<<"Enter the elemnt you want to search"<<endl;

    // // cin>>searchingelement;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     if (arr1[i] == searchingelement)

    //     {

    //         cout<<"Element "<<searchingelement<<" found successfully at indexing "<<i<<endl;

    //         return 0;

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"Sorry Beaste, Elment you wewre looking for din't found"<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 4) FInd elemnt at which indexing -**

    // int n; cout<<"What is the size of an array"<<endl;

    // cin>>n;

    // int arru[n];

    // cout<<"Give the array elementts"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cin>>arru[i];

    // }

    // int x; cout<<"x you wnat to search for "<<endl;

    // cin>>x;

    // for (int i = n-1; i >= 0; i--) //or for(int i=0; i<n; i++) - its just another ways for iterating inside an array

    // {

    //     if (arru[i] == x)

    //     {

    //         cout<<"found at indexing "<<i<<endl; // If element exist multiple times it'll give indexing for each time

    //     }

    // }

    // return -1;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 4.1) Find FIrst index of element searched**

    // int n; cout<<"What is the size of an array"<<endl;

    // cin>>n;

    // int arru[n];

    // cout<<"Give the array elementts"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cin>>arru[i];

    // }

    // int x; cout<<"x you wnat to search for "<<endl;

    // cin>>x;

    // for(int i=0; i<n; i++) //or  - for getting the indexing from last

    // {

    //     if (arru[i] == x)

    //     {

    //         cout<<"found at indexing "<<i<<endl; // If element exist multiple times it'll give only for the first indexing as we programmed

    //         return 0;

    //     }

    // }

    // return -1;

/\*

O/p -

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

89

45

89

78

23

x you wnat to search for

89

found at indexing 0

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 4.2) Find last index of element searched**

    // int n; cout<<"What is the size of an array"<<endl;

    // cin>>n;

    // int arru[n];

    // cout<<"Give the array elementts"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cin>>arru[i];

    // }

    // int x; cout<<"x you wnat to search for "<<endl;

    // cin>>x;

    // for (int i = n-1; i >= 0; i--) // for getting the indexing from last

    // {

    //     if (arru[i] == x)

    //     {

    //         cout<<"found at indexing "<<i<<endl; // If element exist multiple times it'll give only for the first indexing as we programmed

    //         return 0;

    //     }

    // }

    // return -1;

/\*

O/p -

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

89

45

89

78

23

x you wnat to search for

89

found at indexing 2

\*/

**// OR METHOD 2 - MAIN METHOD**

// int n; cout<<"What is the size of an array"<<endl;

//     cin>>n;

//     int arru[n];

//     cout<<"Give the array elementts"<<endl;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         cin>>arru[i];

//     }

//     int x; cout<<"x you wnat to search for "<<endl;

//     cin>>x;

//     int index = -1;

//     for(int i=0; i<n; i++)

//     {

//         if (arru[i] == x)

//         {

//             index = i; // For getting indexing from last updating

//         }

//     }

//     cout<<index<<endl;

/\*

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

89

45

89

78

89

x you wnat to search for

89

4

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 5) Find Frequency of x in array - howe many times any element is repeating**

int n; cout<<"What is the size of an array"<<endl;

cin>>n;

int arru[n];

cout<<"Give the array elementts"<<endl;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

{

    cin>>arru[i];

}

int x; cout<<"x you wnat to search for "<<endl;

cin>>x;

int gotit=0;

for(int i=0; i<n; i++)

{

    if (arru[i] == x)

    {

        gotit++;

    }

}

cout<<"frequency of element is - "<<gotit<<endl;

/\*

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

89

78

89

45

89

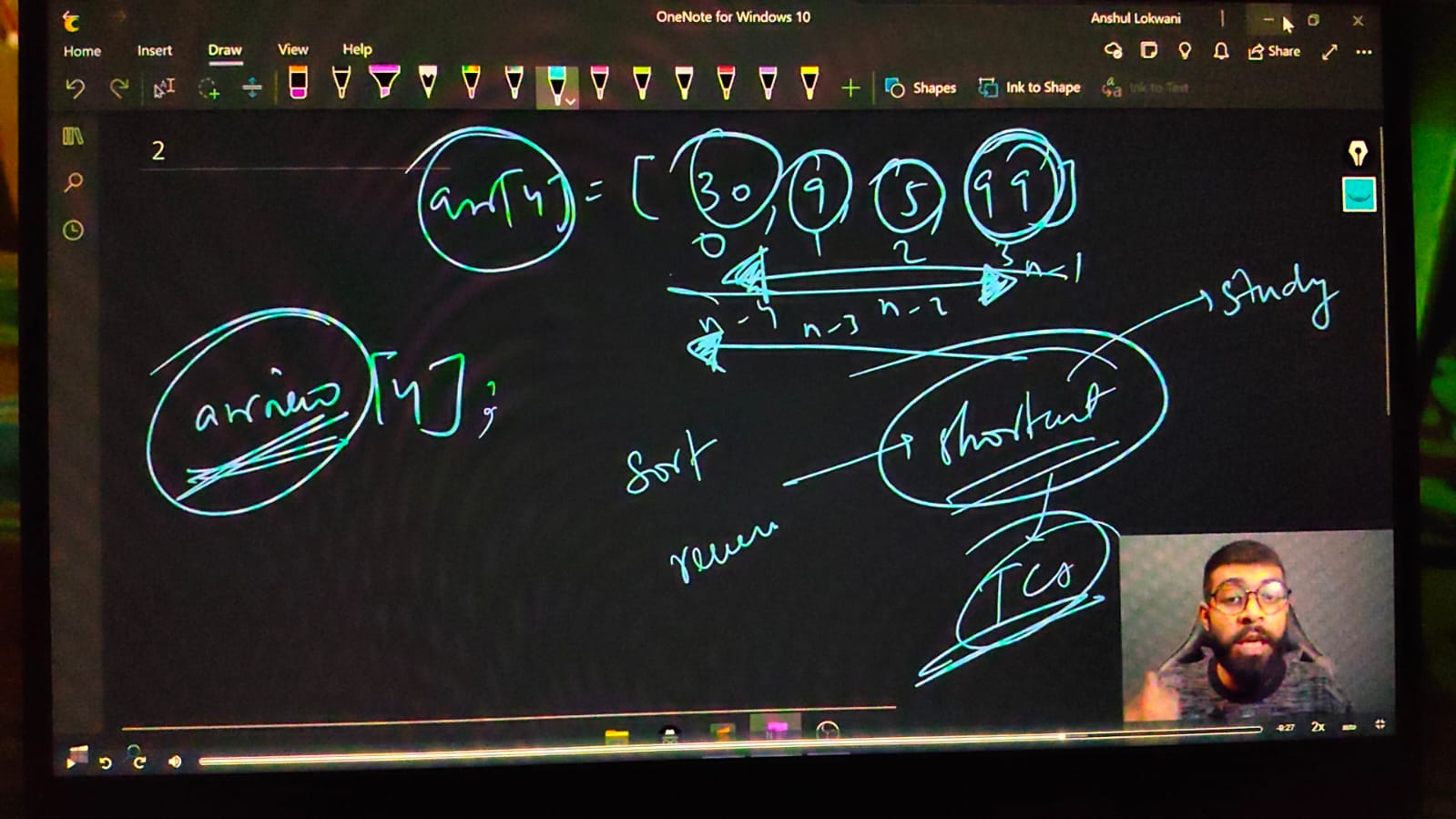
x you wnat to search for

89

frequency of element is - 3

\*/

**Reverse and Sorting of an Array**



// For reversing an array we must include a header file named as algorithms

    int n; cout<<"What is the size of an array"<<endl;

    cin>>n;

    int arru[n];

    cout<<"Give the array elementts"<<endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cin>>arru[i];

    }

    // For Reverseing an array -

    // Syntax for reverse - reverse(ARRAYNAME, ARRAYNAME+ARRAYSIZE)

    // Modified syntax as per trials - reverse(ARRAYNAME+jaha tk reverse krna ho, ARRAYNAME+jaha se reverse krna ho)

    // reverse(arru, arru+n);

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arru[i]<<" ";

    // }

/\*

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

15

89

23

78

56

56 78 23 89 15

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 6.1) For sorting an array -**

// Syntax for sort - sort(ARRAYNAME, ARRAYNAME+ARRAYSIZE)

// Modified syntax as per trials - sort(ARRAYNAME+jaha tk sort krna ho, ARRAYNAME+jaha se sort krna ho)

// sort(arru, arru+n);

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     cout<<arru[i]<<" ";

// }

/\*

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

89

78

56

21

45

21 45 56 78 89

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

//  for sorting in decreasing order. First sort then usereverse

// sort(arru, arru+n);

// reverse(arru, arru+n);

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     cout<<arru[i]<<" ";

// }

/\*

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

45

98

100

20

78

100 98 78 45 20

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Min & Max using Sort in Array -**

// sort(arru, arru+n);

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     cout<<arru[i]<<" ";

// }

// cout<<endl;

// cout<<"Min is  "<<arru[0]<<endl;

// cout<<"MaX is  "<<arru[n-1]<<endl;

/\*

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

89

32

56

12

47

12 32 47 56 89

Min is  12

MaX is  89

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**//  Find kth Max & Kth Min in Array -**

// sort(arru, arru+n);

// int k;

// cout<<"Which max or min element you want to get"<<endl;

// cin>>k;

// sort(arru, arru+n);

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     cout<<arru[i]<<" ";

// }

// cout<<endl;

// cout<<k<<"th Minimun element is "<<arru[k-1]<<endl;

// cout<<k<<"th Maximum element is "<<arru[n-k]<<endl;

/\*

What is the size of an array

5

Give the array elementts

12

56

78

32

99

Which max or min element you want to get

2

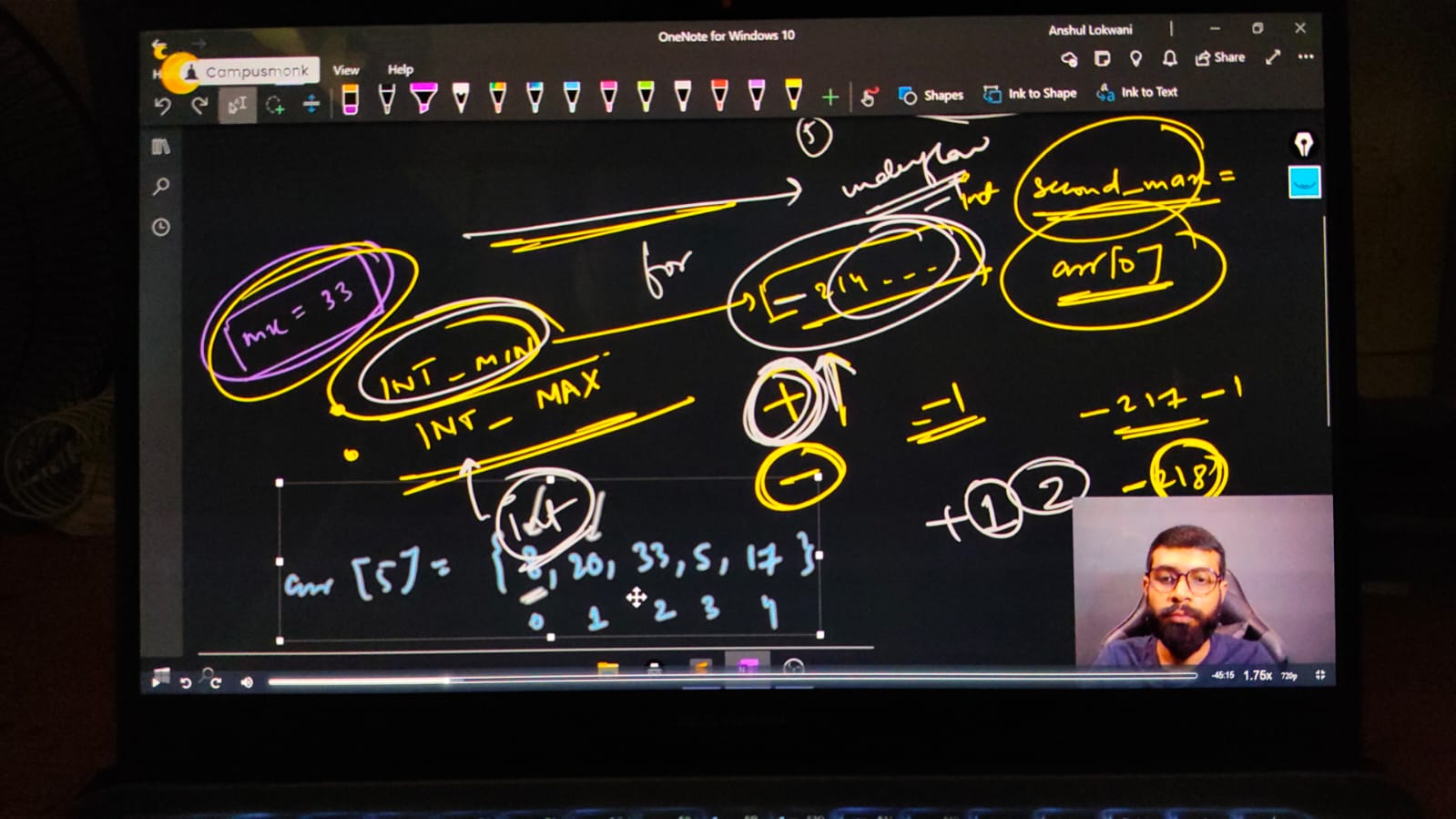
12 32 56 78 99

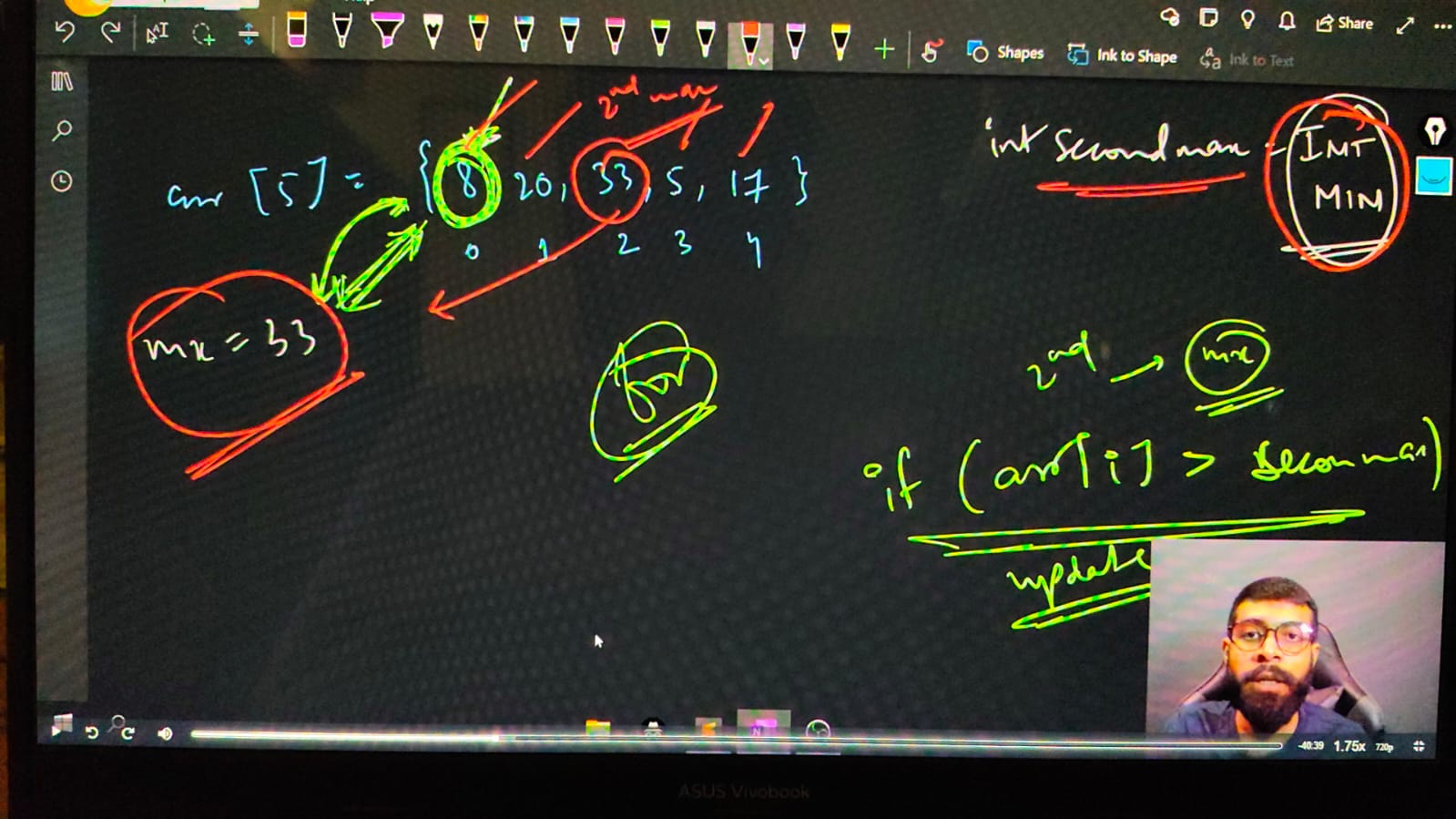
2th Minimun element is 32

2th Maximum element is 78

\*/

**// What if the Interviewer yold that you can;t use Sort or inbuilt library functions. Method 2 for kth Min & kth Max –**





**// For the 2nd max fun**

    // int n;

    // cout<<"Mention the size of an array"<<endl;

    // cin>>n;

    // int arr[n];

    // cout<<"Insrt the array elements - "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cin>>arr[i];

    // }

    // cout<<"So, the entered array is - "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout << arr[i] <<" ";

    // }

    // cout<<endl;

    // // For the first max

    // int mx = arr[0];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     if (arr[i]>mx)

    //     {

    //         mx=arr[i];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"The Maximuum element is "<<mx<<endl;

    // // For the second max

    // int secondmax = INT\_max;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     if (arr[i] != mx)

    //     {

    //         if (arr[i]>secondmax)

    //         {

    //             secondmax = arr[i];

    //         }

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"So, the second max element is - "<<secondmax<<endl;

/\*

Mention the size of an array

5

Insrt the array elements -

78

89

56

12

23

So, the entered array is -

78 89 56 12 23

The Maximuum element is 89

So, the second max element is - 78

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// For the 2nd max -**

    // int n;

//     cout<<"Mention the size of an array"<<endl;

//     cin>>n;

//     int arr[n];

//     cout<<"Insrt the array elements - "<<endl;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         cin>>arr[i];

//     }

//     cout<<"So, the entered array is - "<<endl;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         cout << arr[i] <<" ";

//     }

//     cout<<endl;

//     // For the first max

//     int max = arr[0];

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         if (arr[i]<max)

//         {

//             max=arr[i];

//         }

//     }

//     cout<<"The maximum element is "<<max<<endl;

//     // For the second max

//     int secondmax = INT\_MAX;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         if (arr[i] != max)

//         {

//             if (arr[i]<secondmax)

//             {

//                 secondmax = arr[i];

//             }

//         }

//     }

//     cout<<"So, the second max element is - "<<secondmax<<endl;

/\*

Mention the size of an array

5

Insrt the array elements -

78

89

56

12

23

So, the entered array is -

78 89 56 12 23

The maximum element is 12

So, the second max element is - 23

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Similarly for 3rd Max**

int n;

    cout<<"Mention the size of an array"<<endl;

    cin>>n;

    int arr[n];

    cout<<"Insrt the array elements - "<<endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cin>>arr[i];

    }

    cout<<"So, the entered array is - "<<endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cout << arr[i] <<" ";

    }

    cout<<endl;

    // For the first max

    int max = arr[0];

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        if (arr[i]>max)

        {

            max=arr[i];

        }

    }

    cout<<"The maximum element is "<<max<<endl;

    // For the second max

    int secondmax = INT\_MIN;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        if (arr[i] != max)

        {

            if (arr[i]>secondmax)

            {

                secondmax = arr[i];

            }

        }

    }

    cout<<"So, the second max element is - "<<secondmax<<endl;

    // For the third max

    int thirddmax = INT\_MIN;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        if (arr[i] != secondmax && arr[i] != max)

        {

            if (arr[i]>thirddmax)

            {

                thirddmax = arr[i];

            }

        }

    }

    cout<<"So, the third max element is - "<<thirddmax<<endl;

/\*

Mention the size of an array

5

Insrt the array elements -

89

78

56

12

23

So, the entered array is -

89 78 56 12 23

The maximum element is 89

So, the second max element is - 78

So, the third max element is - 56

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Similarly for 3rd min**

//     int n;

//     cout<<"Mention the size of an array"<<endl;

//     cin>>n;

//     int arr[n];

//     cout<<"Insrt the array elements - "<<endl;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         cin>>arr[i];

//     }

//     cout<<"So, the entered array is - "<<endl;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         cout << arr[i] <<" ";

//     }

//     cout<<endl;

//     // For the first max

//     int max = arr[0];

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         if (arr[i]<max)

//         {

//             max=arr[i];

//         }

//     }

//     cout<<"The maximum element is "<<max<<endl;

//     // For the second max

//     int secondmax = INT\_MAX;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         if (arr[i] != max)

//         {

//             if (arr[i]<secondmax)

//             {

//                 secondmax = arr[i];

//             }

//         }

//     }

//     cout<<"So, the second max element is - "<<secondmax<<endl;

//     // For the third max

//     int thirddmax = INT\_MAX;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         if (arr[i] != secondmax && arr[i] != max)

//         {

//             if (arr[i]<thirddmax)

//             {

//                 thirddmax = arr[i];

//             }

//         }

//     }

//     cout<<"So, the third max element is - "<<thirddmax<<endl;

/\*

Mention the size of an array

Mention the size of an array

5

Insrt the array elements -

78

89

56

12

23

So, the entered array is -

78 89 56 12 23

The maximum element is 12

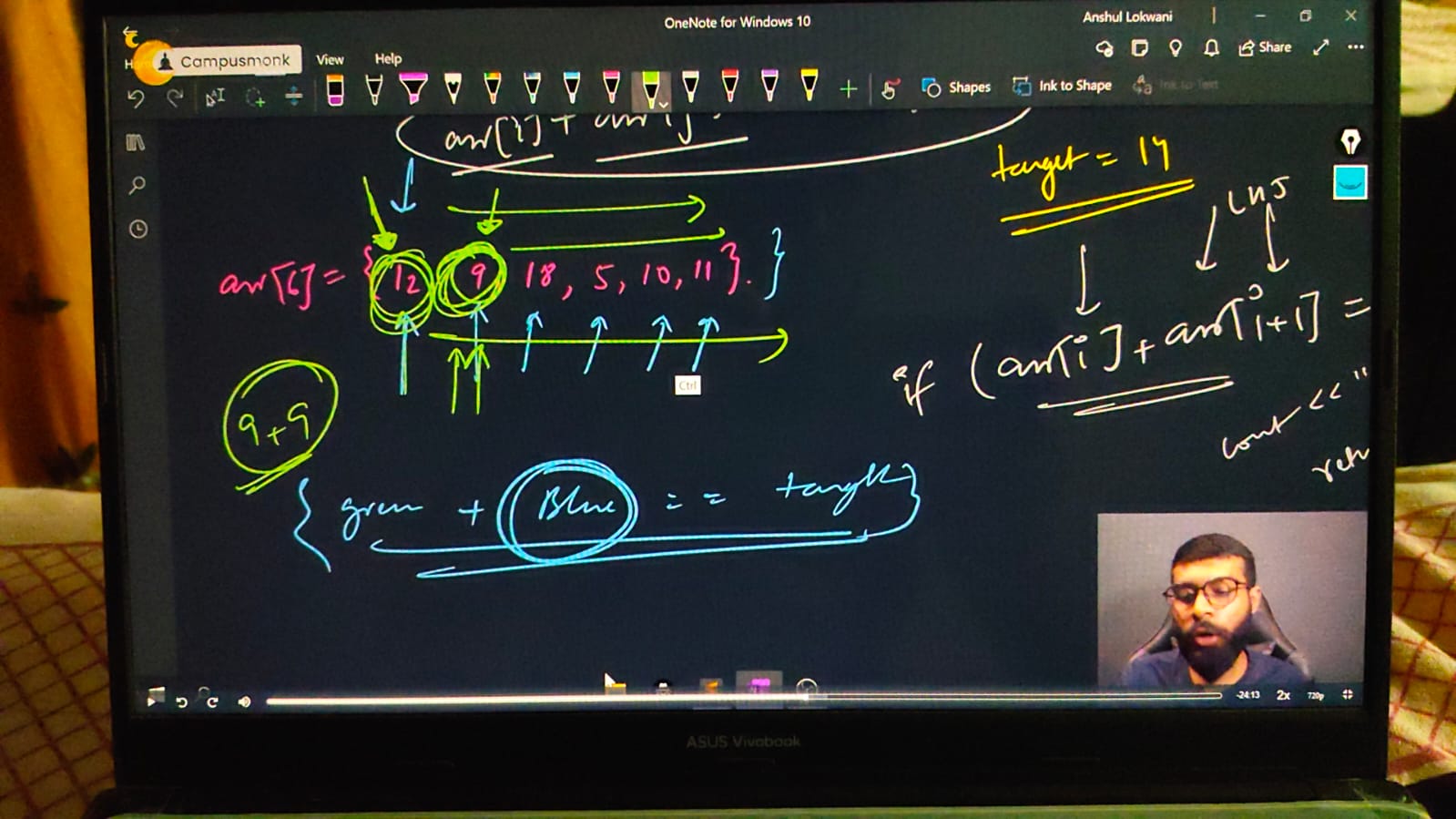
So, the second max element is - 23

So, the third max element is - 56

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 7) QUn - Targeted Element. Print yes if there is a  pair in the array that sum up to target. Array ke kisi element ya kinhi bhi elements ka sum target ke brabr he to yes kre**



#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main()

{

    int n;

    cout << "mention the array size you want" << endl;

    cin >> n;

    int arr[n];

    cout << "Enter the array elements going to print - " << endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cin >> arr[i];

    }

    cout << "So, the entered array is - " << endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cout << arr[i] << " ";

    }

    cout << endl;

    int target;

    cout << "WHat value you want to target - " << endl;

    cin >> target;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        for (int j = i+1; j < n; j++)

        {

            if (arr[i] + arr[j] == target)

            {

                cout << "Got the target and elementts are  - " << arr[i] << " " << arr[j] << endl;

                return 0;

            }

        }

    }

    cout << "Not found the targetby array elements";

}

/\* o/p -

mention the array size you want

5

Enter the array elements going to print -

56 89 12 45 78

So, the entered array is -

56 89 12 45 78

WHat value you want to target -

57

Got the target and elementts are  - 12 45

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

mention the array size you want

5

Enter the array elements going to print -

89 56 32 21 54

So, the entered array is -

89 56 32 21 54

WHat value you want to target -

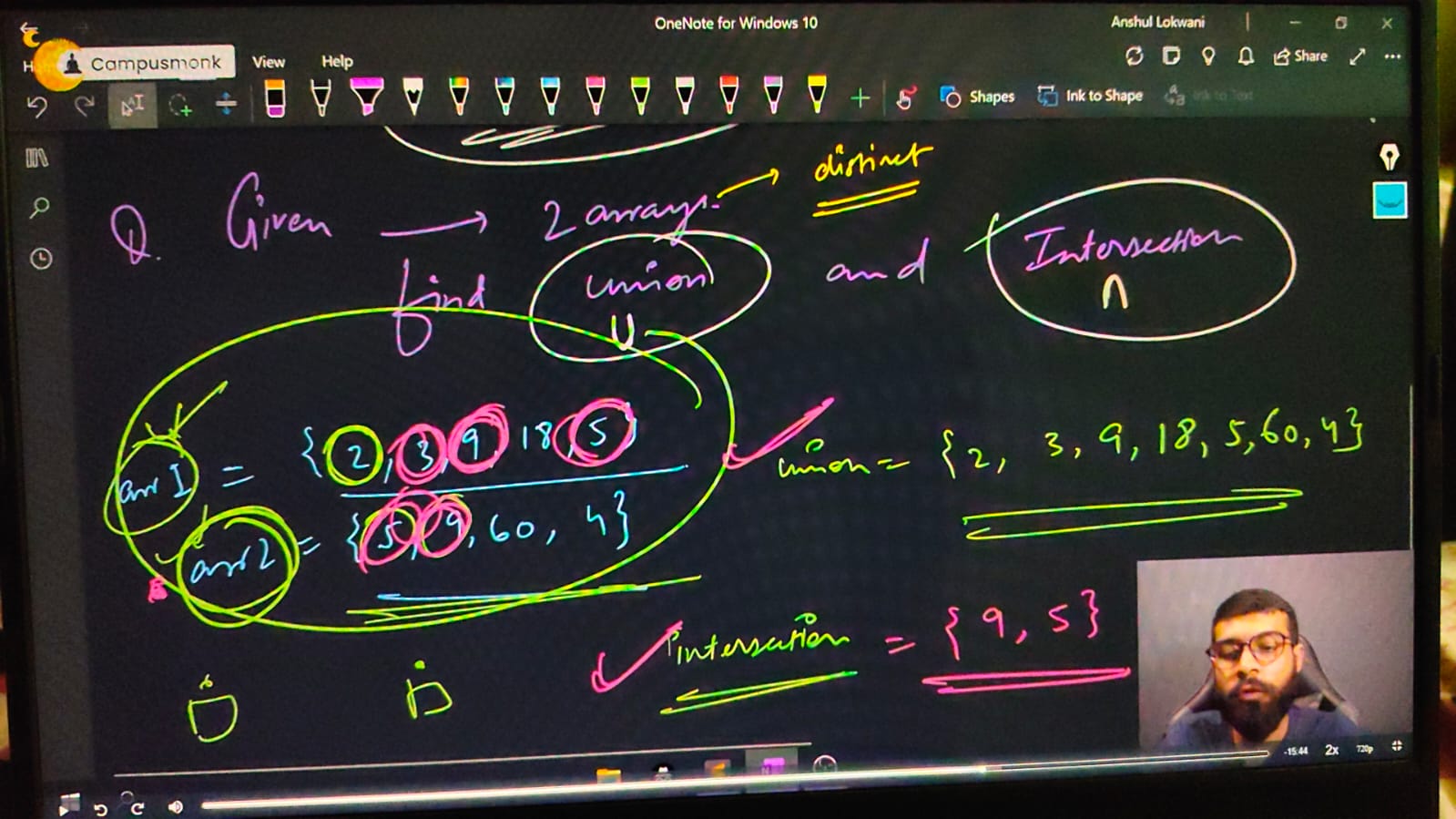
78

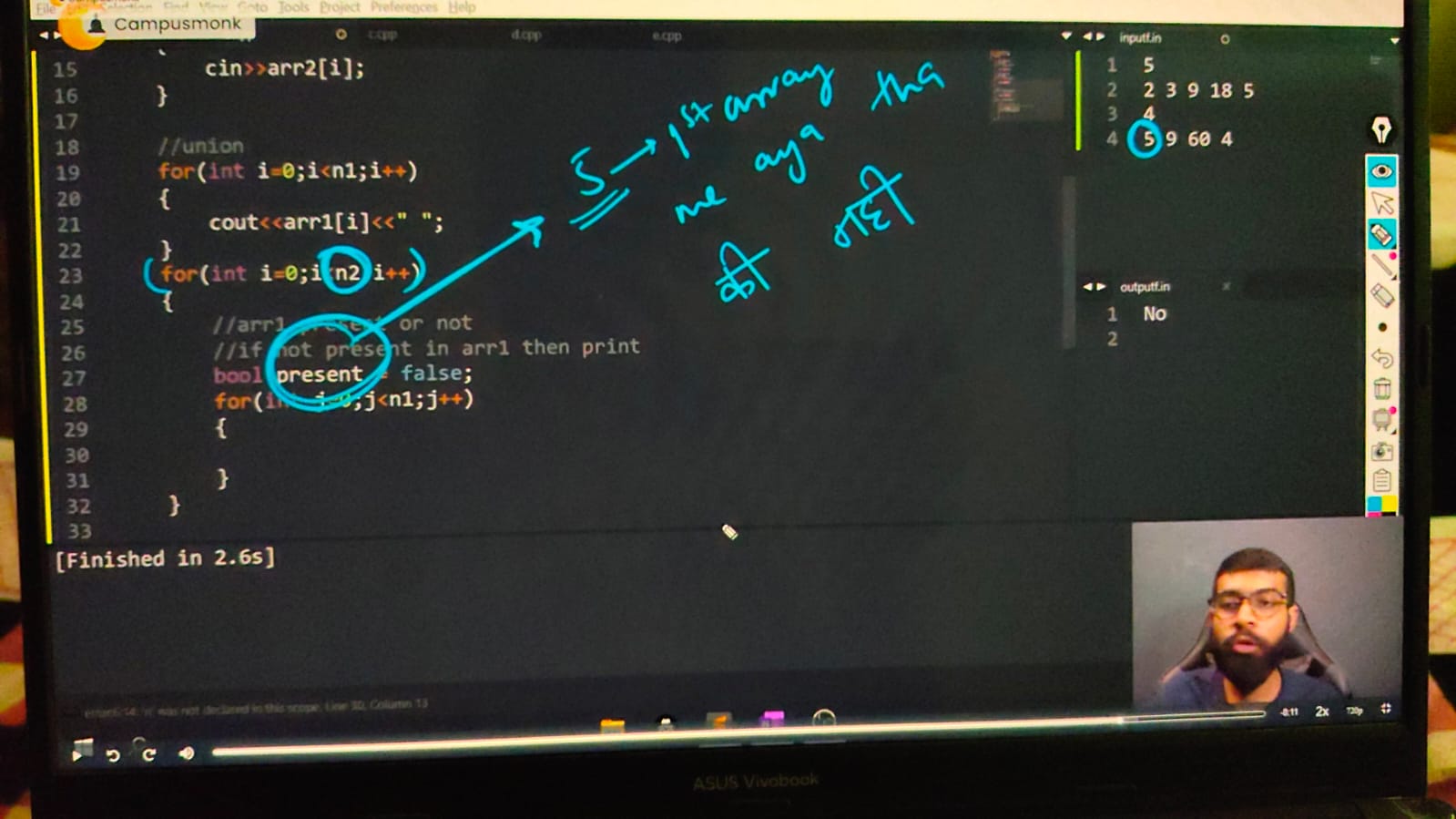
Not found the targetby array elements

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 8) Qun - For given 2 arrays, find Union & Intersection**





    int n1, n2;

    cout << "mention the array1 size " << endl;

    cin >> n1;

    cout << "mention the array2 size respectively" << endl;

    cin >> n2;

    int arr1[n1];

    int arr2[n2];

    cout << "Enter the array1 elements going to print - " << endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)

    {

        cin >> arr1[i];

    }

    cout << endl;

    cout << "and similarly Enter the array2 elements going to print - " << endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++)

    {

        cin >> arr2[i];

    }

    cout << endl;

    // For union -

    for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)

    {

        cout << arr1[i] << " ";

    }

    for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++)

    {

        // in arr1 check for present or not

        // if not present in arr1 then print

        bool present = false; // prsent is uses for 1st waale array me aaya he ya nahi

        for (int j = 0; j < n1; j++)

        {

            if (arr2[i] == arr1[j])

            {

                present = true;

            }

        }

        if (present == false)

        {

            cout << arr2[i] << " ";

        }

    }

    cout<<endl;

    // Intersection -

    for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)

    {

        for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)

        {

            if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])

            {

                cout << arr1[i] << " ";

            }

        }

    }

    cout << endl;

mention the array1 size

5

mention the array2 size respectively

2 3 9 18 5

Enter the array1 elements going to print -

4

and similarly Enter the array2 elements going to print -

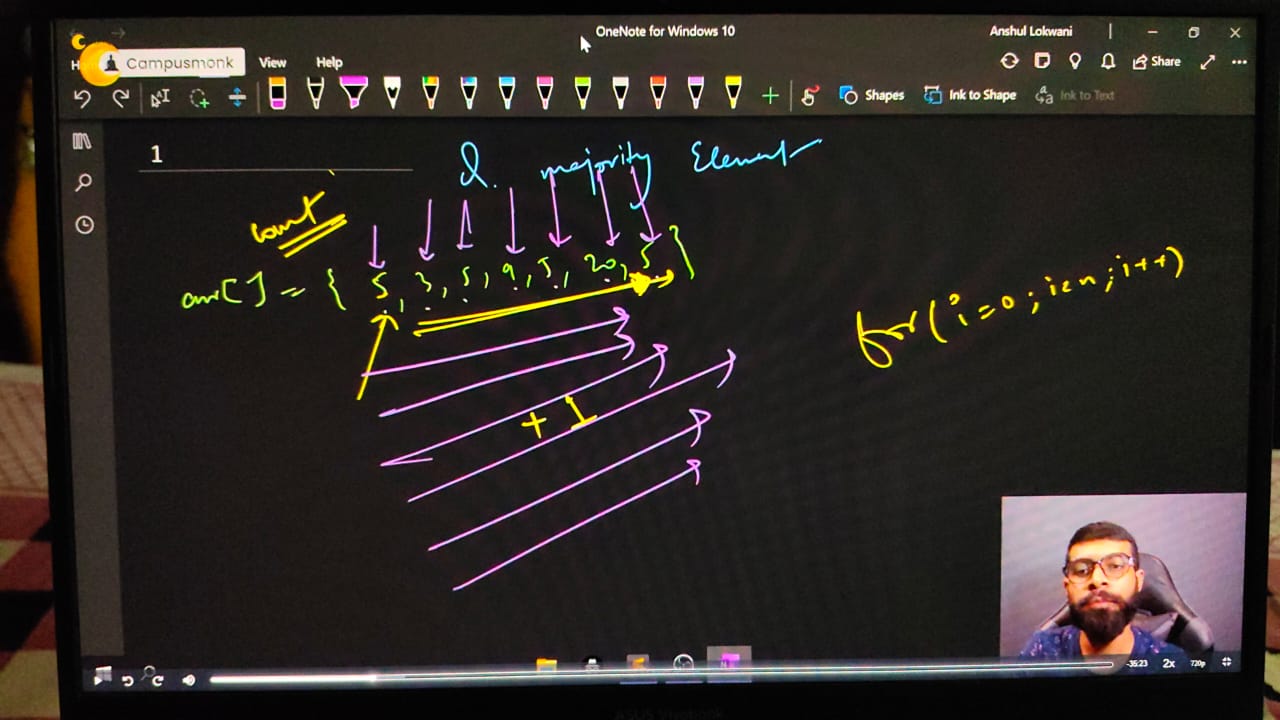
5 9 60 4

2 3 9 18 5 4

9 5

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 9) Qun - Find majority element if any.**



/\*Note - majority elekent is given by > size of array/2

Majority Element  > {(Size of Array)/2} Ex. = arr[] = {5,3,5,9,5,18,5}

Majority element 1 hi ho skta h kyuki aadhe se jyadqa baar ek single element available he.

\*/

// int n;

// cout<<"mention the array size you want"<<endl;

// cin>>n;

// int arr[n];

// cout<<"Enter the array elements going to print - "<<endl;

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     cin>>arr[i];

// }

// cout<<"So, the entered array is - "<<endl;

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

// }

// cout<<endl;

// // CHekcing for majority element -

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     int count = 0;

//     for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)

//     {

//         if (arr[i]==arr[j])

//         {

//             count++;

//         }

//     }

//     if (count>n/2)

//     {

//         cout<<arr[i]<<endl;

//         return 0;

//     }

// }

// cout<<"Sorry, No Majjority Eleelment found dude"<<endl;

/\*

mention the array size you want

7

Enter the array elements going to print -

5 3 5 9 5 20 5

So, the entered array is -

5 3 5 9 5 20 5

5

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

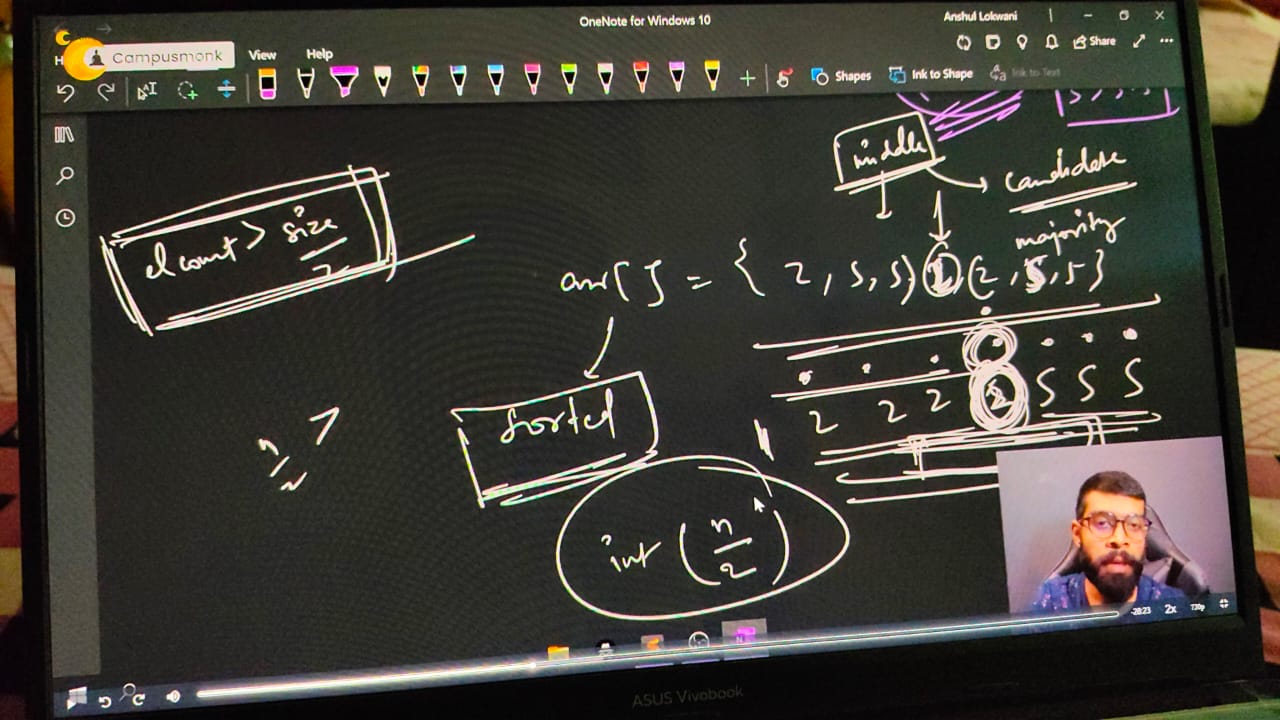
/\*

**Method - 2**

Majority candidate can done by sorting the array because after this middle element will be the majority element.

Agr sorting ke baad middle element majority element nhi hua to phr koi sa nhi ho skta

\*/



// int n;

// cout<<"mention the array size you want"<<endl;

// cin>>n;

// int arr[n];

// cout<<"Enter the array elements going to print - "<<endl;

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     cin>>arr[i];

// }

// cout<<endl;

// // CHekcing for majority element -

// sort(arr, arr+n);

// int expectedcandidate = arr[n/2];

// int count = 0;

// for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

// {

//     if (arr[i]==expectedcandidate)

//     {

//         count++;

//     }

// }

//     if (count>n/2)

//     {

//         cout<<"The Majority candidarte is - "<<expectedcandidate<<endl;

//     }

//     else

// {

//     cout<<"No Majority element availabe";

// }

/\* o/p -

mention the array size you want

7

Enter the array elements going to print -

5 3 5 9 5 18 5

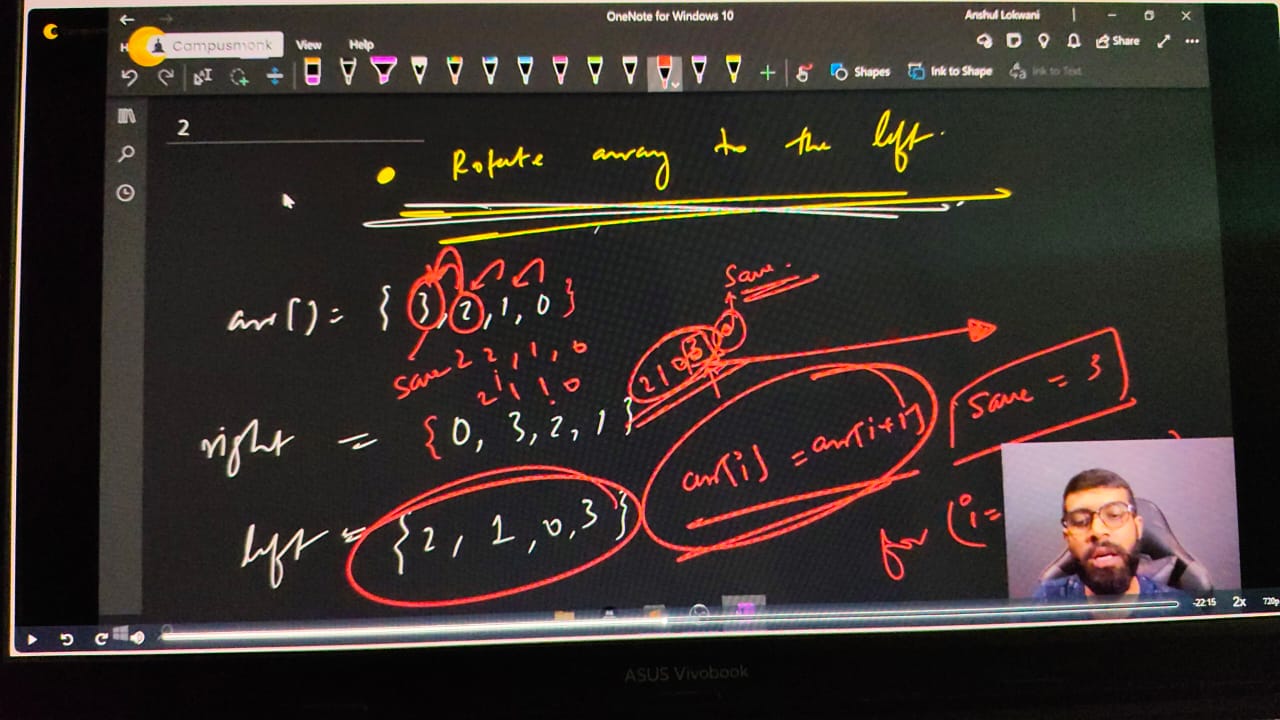
The Majority candidarte is – 5

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// 10) Rotating array concept -**

**// 10.1)Right Rotation - Rotate each eleemnt by one in th eRight side**



// int n;

//     cout << "Array Size: ";

//     cin >> n;

//     int arr[n];

//     cout << "Array Values:\n";

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

//         cin >> arr[i];

//     }

//     cout << "Your array is: ";

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

//         cout << arr[i] << " ";

//     }

//     cout << endl;

//     // Right Rotation Logic

//     int save = arr[n - 1]; // Save the last element

//     for (int i = n - 1; i > 0; i--) {

//         arr[i] = arr[i - 1]; // Shift all elements right

//     }

//     arr[0] = save; // Put last element at the front

//     cout << "Hence, the new Right Rotated Array is: ";

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

//         cout << arr[i] << " ";

//     }

//     cout << endl;

//     return 0;

/\*

Array Size: 5

Array Values:

1 2 3 4 5

Your array is: 1 2 3 4 5

Hence, the new Right Rotated Array is: 5 1 2 3 4

\*/

**// 10.1)Left Rotation - Rotate each eleemnt by one in th eleft side**

    // int n;

    // cout<<"Array SIze"<<endl;

    // cin>>n;

    // int arr[n];

    // cout<<"Array Values"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cin>>arr[i];

    // }

    // cout<<"your array is - ";

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    // }

    // cout<<endl;

    // // For Left Rotation -

    // int save = arr[0];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     arr[i] = arr[i+1];

    // }

    // arr[n-1] = save;

    // cout<<"Hence, the new Left Rotated Array is -  ";

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    // }

/\*

Array SIze

4

Array Values

3 2 1 0

your array is - 3 2 1 0

Hence, the new Left Rotated Array is -  2 1 0 3

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**//10.3)  WHat if wants to rotate lefyt three times.**

    // int n;

    // cout<<"Array SIze"<<endl;

    // cin>>n;

    // int arr[n];

    // cout<<"Array Values"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cin>>arr[i];

    // }

    // cout<<"your array is - ";

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    // }

    // cout<<endl;

    // // For Left Rotation -

    // int save = arr[0];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     arr[i] = arr[i+1];

    // }

    // arr[n-1] = save;

    // cout<<"After 1st rotation "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    // }

    // cout<<endl;

    // // For 2nd left rotation -

    // int save1 = arr[0];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     arr[i] = arr[i+1];

    // }

    // arr[n-1] = save1;

    // cout<<"After 2nd rotation "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    // }

    // cout<<endl;

    // // For 3rd left rotation -

    // int save3 = arr[0];

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     arr[i] = arr[i+1];

    // }

    // arr[n-1] = save3;

    // cout<<"After 3rd rotation "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    // }

    // cout<<endl;

    // cout<<"Hence, the new Left Rotated Array is -  ";

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    // }

/\*

Array SIze

5

Array Values

1 2 3 4 5

your array is - 1 2 3 4 5

After 1st rotation

2 3 4 5 1

After 2nd rotation

3 4 5 1 2

After 3rd rotation

4 5 1 2 3

Hence, the new Left Rotated Array is -  4 5 1 2 3

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Using function can be done very easily -**

/\*

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

void left\_rotate(int arr[], int n)

{

    int save = arr[0];

    for (int i = 0; i < n-1; i++)

    {

        arr[i] = arr[i+1];

    }

    arr[n-1] = save;

}

int main()

{

    int n;

    cout<<"Array Size"<<endl;

    cin>>n;

    int arr[n];

    cout<<"Array Elements - "<<endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cin>>arr[i];

    }

    cout<<"So, your entered array is - "<<endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    }

    cout<<endl;

    left\_rotate(arr,n);

    left\_rotate(arr,n);

    left\_rotate(arr,n);

    cout<<"So, the new rotated array is - "<<endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    }

\*/

/\*

Array Size

5

Array Elements -

1 2 3 4 5

So, your entered array is -

1 2 3 4 5

So, the new rotated array is -

4 5 1 2 3

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Similarly for k times as per the need -**

// void left\_rotate(int arr[], int n)

// {

//     int save = arr[0];

//     for (int i = 0; i < n-1; i++)

//     {

//         arr[i] = arr[i+1];

//     }

//     arr[n-1] = save;

// }

// int main()

// {

//     int n;

//     cout<<"Array Size"<<endl;

//     cin>>n;

//     int arr[n];

//     cout<<"Array Elements - "<<endl;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         cin>>arr[i];

//     }

//     cout<<"So, your entered array is - "<<endl;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

//     }

//     cout<<endl;

//     int k;

//     cout<<"how many times you want to rotate this "<<endl;

//     cin>>k;

//     for (int i = 0; i < k; i++)

//     {

//         left\_rotate(arr,n);

//     }

//     cout<<"So, the new rotated array is - "<<endl;

//     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

//     {

//         cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

//     }

// /\*

// Array Size

// 5

// Array Elements -

// 1 2 3 4 5

// So, your entered array is -

// 1 2 3 4 5

// how many times you want to rotate this

// 4

// So, the new rotated array is -

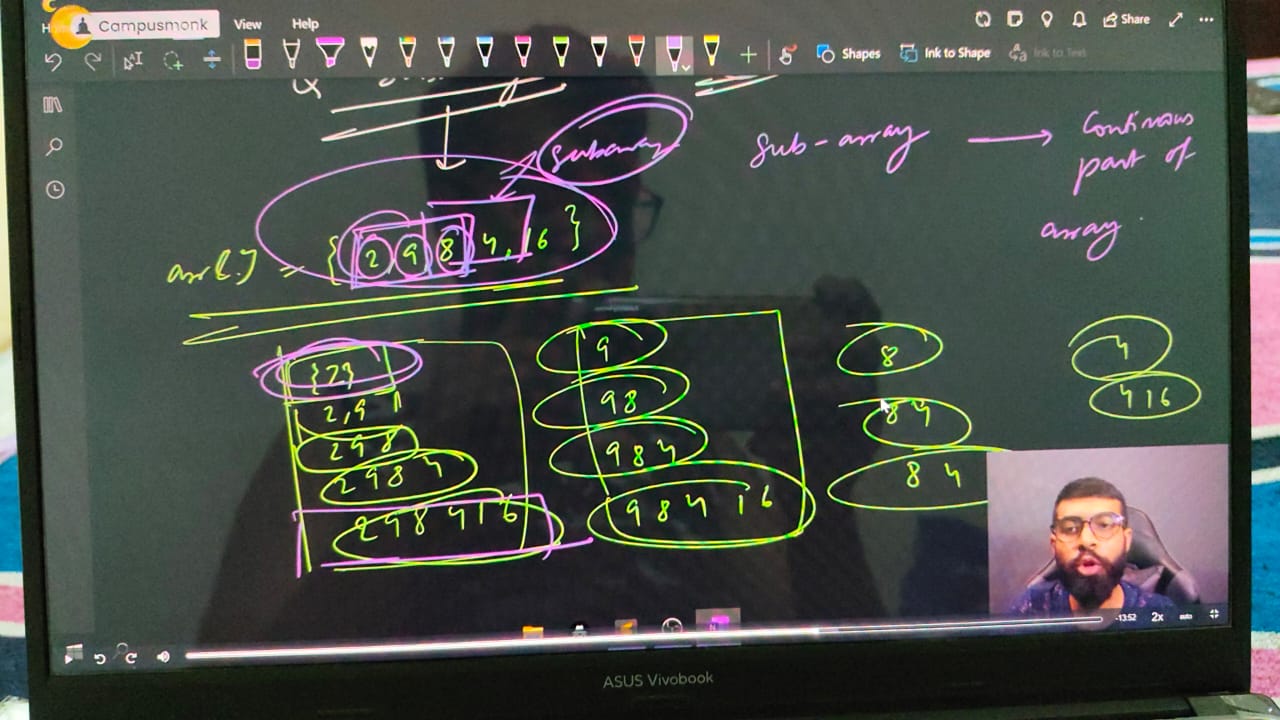
// 5 1 2 3 4

// \*/

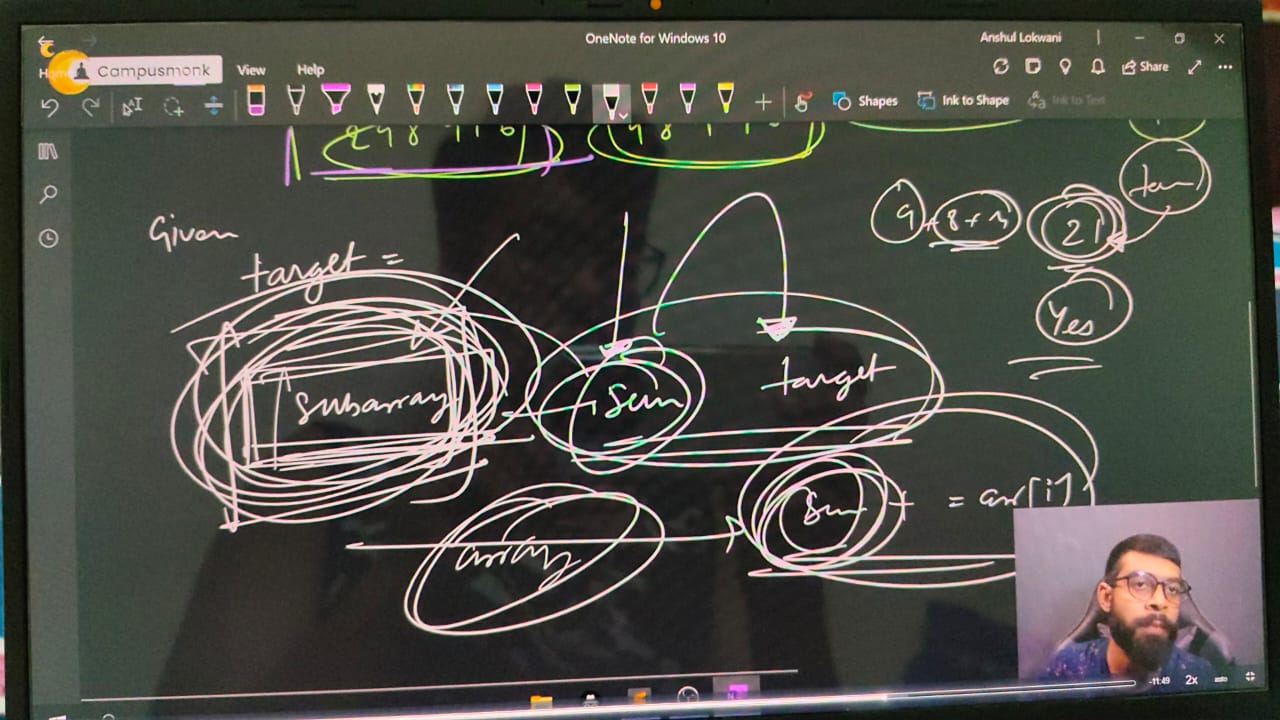
// }

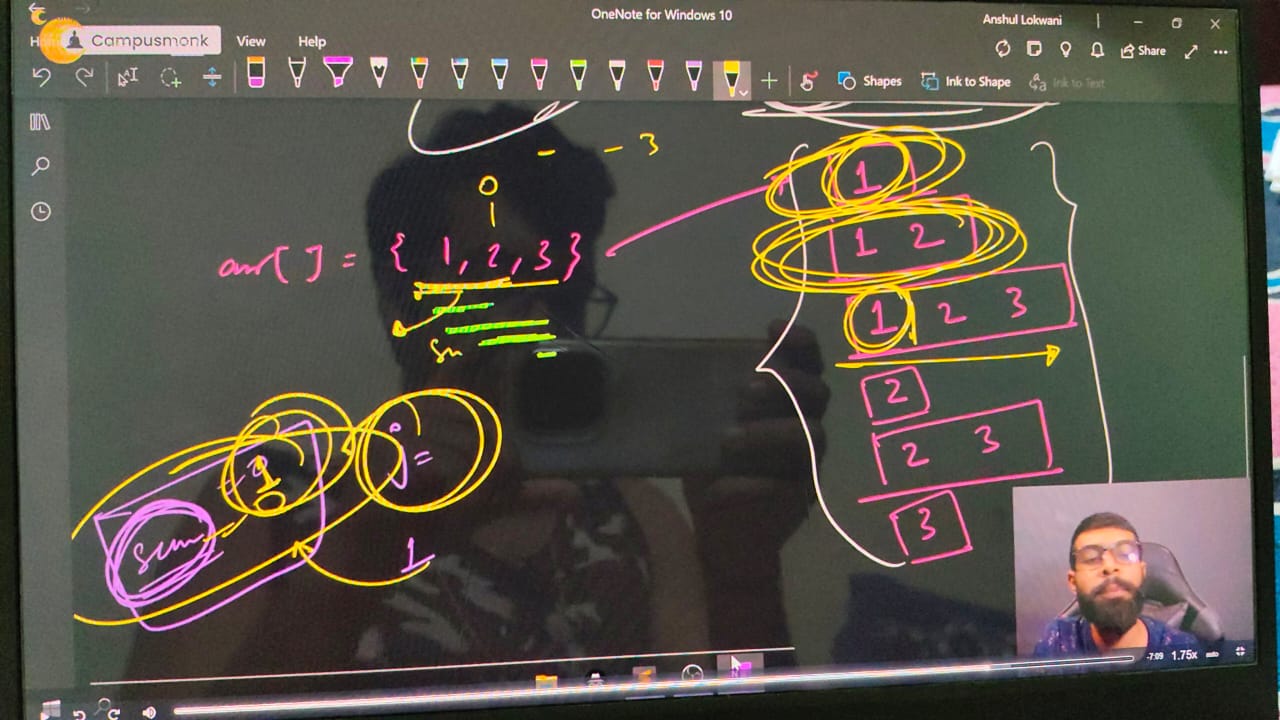
**// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**// Subarray - Array ka koi sa bhi element and in continuos way too. must be either alone or in continuos way'**



**// Qun - If target found using subarray sum then put yes otherwise leave it with no.**





    int n;

    cout<<"Array Size"<<endl;

    cin>>n;

    int arr[n];

    cout<<"Array Elements - "<<endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cin>>arr[i];

    }

    cout<<"So, your entered array is - "<<endl;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";

    }

    cout<<endl;

    int target;

    cout<<"Now press thye Target ELement - "<<endl;

    cin>>target;

    // For subarray sum -

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    {

        int sum=0;

        for (int j = i; j < n; j++)

        {

            sum+=arr[j];

            if (sum==target)

        {

            cout<<"Yes by using subsrray sum we got the target sum"<<endl;

            return 0;

        }

        }

    }

    cout<<"Not found"<<endl;

/\*

Array Size

5

Array Elements -

1 2 3 4 5

So, your entered array is -

1 2 3 4 5

Now press thye Target ELement -

9

Yes by using subsrray sum we got the target

7

Yes by using subsrray sum we got the target sum

8

Not found

\*/

**String Programs -**

1 - Taking Input in string, Sort & Reverse, Palindrome of string.

2 - WAP for Count words in string -

2.1 - Program for count Vowels & Consonants in String-

3 - For the 2 given strings check that are they both Anagram of each other. print yes or no only

4 - Program for Sum of numbers inside the string.

5 - make first letter capital of given string or user taken string, but if already capital then no need to change anything -

6 - make first letter Small of given string or user taken string, but if already Small then no need to change anything -

7 - For the entire string convert Upper string to Lower string

8 - change all the cases of string.

9 - Remove Vowels, Consonants from the given string.

10 - Distinguish Vowels and Consonants in a given string -

11 - common letters sequences in a string -

12 - For given two strings check that are rotation of each other or not?

13 - Enter the First Non-Repeating Character from the given string -

14 - Find the First Repeating element of the string -

**Strings in CPP** –

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

// #include <iostream>

// #include<algorithm>

// #include<climits>

// #include<string>

// #include<cctype>

using namespace std;

int main()

{

**// Character Array or Strings -**

    char arr[7] = {'S', 'H', 'U', 'b', 'H', 'A', 'm'};

    for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++)

    {

        cout << arr[i] << " ";

    }

    // Note - Every character array or string contains a null character

    // Character array or string can print all elements at a time no need to print one by one as int array

    cout << "i'm in Microsoft " << endl;

    cout << arr[7];

    cout << " 51LPA Package" << endl;

    // i'm in Microsoft Ç 51LPA Package ; -  b/w both the strings, here ia a null character

    // It is basiocally '\0'

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

    /\*

**String Basic Syntax - data\_type variable name : - string s1**

    In string value is given by double quotes, while for the single variable it is given by single quotyes

    String is a contiguos char array.

    In string no need to give size manualy as char array. It is dynamic and allot the size automatically

    \*/

**// Taking input in string -** If there is no space then use cin>> for input but for the sentence or line with multiple words by using getline funciton

    // string s1 = "";

    // cout<<"Now give the string value - "<<endl;

    // cin>>s1;// he, buddy what's1 app, i got placed in Microsoft

    // cout<<s1<<endl;//he,

    // getline(cin,s1);

    // cout<<s1<<endl;//he, buddy what's1 app, i got placed in Microsoft

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Now for printing the string using for loop concept  -** as we know evry string having null character at last

    // string s1;

    // getline(cin,s1);//Congratulations, Shubham..!! for getting placed in Microsoft

    // cout<<s1<<endl;//Congratulations, Shubham..!! for getting placed in Microsoft

    // for (int i = 0; s1[i] == '\0' ; i++)

    // {

    // cout<<s1[i]<<" ";

    // }

    // // C o n g r a t u l a t i o n s1 ,   S h u b h a m . . ! !   f o r   g e t t i n g   p l a c e d   i n   M i c r o s1 o f t

    // // For printing how many characters total in the string using for loop.

    // for (int i = 0; s1[i] == '\0' ; i++)

    // {

    // cout<<i;

    // }

    // 01234567891011121314151617181920212223242526272829303132333435363738394041424344454647484950515253545556575859

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// check that in entered string there is space or not ?, so using for loop**

    // string s2;

    // cout<<"what is your statement dude ..!!"<<endl;//Microsft Hyderabad,MicrosoftHyderabad

    // getline(cin, s2);

    // cout<<"So you informed about - "<<s2<<endl;//Microsft Hyderabad

    // cout<<s2.size();// 19

    // for (int i = 0; s2[i] == '\0'; i++)

    // {

    //     if (s2[i] == ' ')

    //     {

    //         cout<<"Yes Space Exist";

    //         return 0;

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"No space buddy";

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Sort & reverse for the string array -**

    // string s1;

    // cout<<"What's1 in your mind"<<endl;

    // cin>>s1;//MicrosoftBengaluru

**// // sort function for string -**

    // sort(s1.begin(), s1.end());

    // cout<<s1<<endl;//BMacefgilnoorrstuu

**// // reverse function for string -**

    // reverse(s1.begin(), s1.end());

    // cout<<s1<<endl;//urulagneBtfosorciM

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Palindrome string -**

    // string s1;

    // cout<<"What's1 in your mind"<<endl;

    // getline(cin,s1);

    // string original = s1;

    // reverse(s1.begin(), s1.end());

    // if (original == s1)

    // {

    //     cout<<"Yes, Palindrome";

    // }

    // else

    // {

    //     cout<<"Not a palindrome string";

    // }

    /\*

    naman

    Yes, Palindrome

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun1 -  Count words in string -**

    // string s1;

    // cout<<"What's1 in your mind"<<endl;

    // getline(cin,s1);

    // int space=0;

    // for (int i = 0; s1[i] == '\0'; i++) // OR for(int i=0; i<s1.size(); i++)

    // {

    //     if (s1[i] == ' ')

    //     {

    //         space++;

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"the no. of spaces here is - "<<space<<endl;

    // int words = space+1;

    // cout<<"So total words is -  "<<words<<endl;

    /\*

    What's1 in your mind

    Thank You, I accept the offer from Microsoft for hyderabad Location.

    the no. of spaces here is - 10

    So total words is -  11

    \*/

    // using functions -

    // #include <bits/stdc++.h>

    // using namespace std;

    // int count\_words(string s1)

    // {

    //     int space = 0;

    //     for (int i = 0; i < s1.size(); i++) // OR for(int i=0; s1[i] == '\0'; i++)

    //     {

    //         if (s1[i] == ' ')

    //         {

    //             space++;

    //         }

    //     }

    //     return space + 1;

    // }

    // int main()

    // {

    //     string s1;

    //     cout << "What's1 in your mind" << endl;

    //     getline(cin, s1);

    //     cout << count\_words(s1);

    // }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 2 -  Count words in string -**

**// For Vowels using function -**

    // #include <bits/stdc++.h>

    // using namespace std;

    // int count\_vowels(string s1)

    // {

    //     int count = 0;

    //     for (int i = 0; i < s1.size(); i++) // OR for(int i=0; s1[i] == '\0'; i++)

    //     {

    //         if (s1[i] == 'a' ||s1[i] == 'e' ||s1[i] == 'i' ||s1[i] == 'o' ||s1[i] == 'u' || s1[i] == 'A' ||s1[i] == 'E' ||s1[i] == 'I' ||s1[i] == 'O' ||s1[i] == 'U')

    //         {

    //             count++;

    //         }

    //     }

    //     return count;

    // }

    // int main()

    // {

    //     string s1;

    //     cout << "What's1 in your mind" << endl;

    //     getline(cin, s1);

    //     cout << count\_vowels(s1);

    // }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 2.1 -  Count Consonants in string -**

**// For Consonants using function -**

    // #include <bits/stdc++.h>

    // using namespace std;

    // int count\_Consonants(string s1)

    // {

    //     int count = 0;

    //     for (int i = 0; i < s1.size(); i++) // OR for(int i=0; s1[i] == '\0'; i++)

    //     {

    //         if (!(s1[i] == 'a' ||s1[i] == 'e' ||s1[i] == 'i' ||s1[i] == 'o' ||s1[i] == 'u' || s1[i] == 'A' ||s1[i] == 'E' ||s1[i] == 'I' ||s1[i] == 'O' ||s1[i] == 'U'))

    //         {

    //             count++;

    //         }

    //     }

    //     return count;

    // }

    // int main()

    // {

    //     string s1;

    //     cout << "What's1 in your mind" << endl;//Microsoft Hyderabad

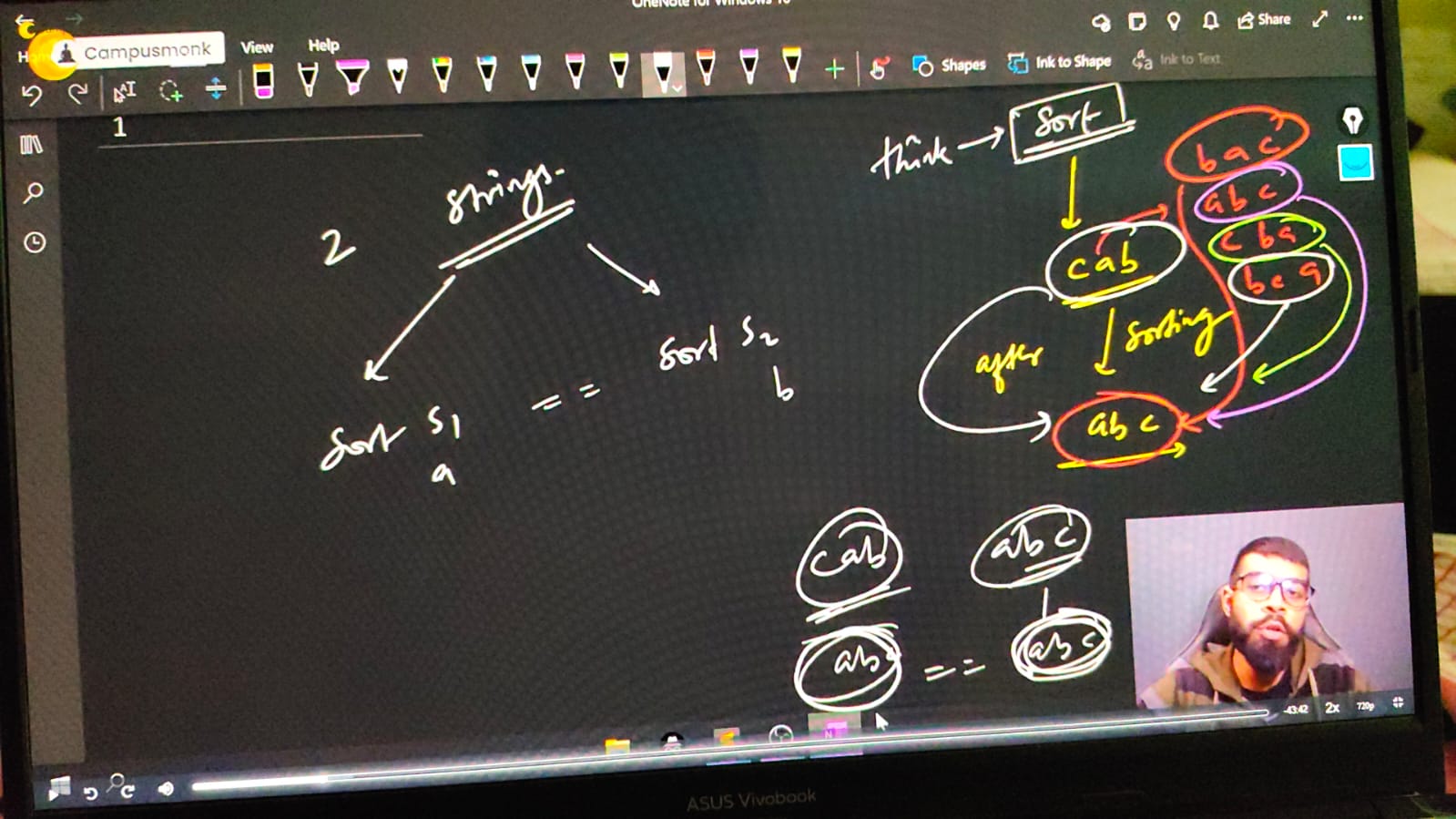
    //     getline(cin, s1);

    //     cout << count\_Consonants(s1);// 13

    // }

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// QUn 3 - For the 2 given strings check that are they both Anagram of each other. print yes or no only**



    /\*

    Anagram - ek string ke saare characters kisi bhi order me utne hi no. of times agr dusri string me aa rhe he, and no ay another character, then they are Anagram of each other.

    Ex. - S1 - abc, and S2 - cba or bac or bca any of these are Ahanagram of String -1

    \*/

    // string s1,s2;

    // cout << "What's1 in your mind" << endl;//Microsoft Hyderabad

    // cout<<"Enter the first string   - "<<" ";

    // getline(cin, s1);

    // cout<<"Now, Enter the Second string   - "<<" ";

    // getline(cin, s2);

    // sort(s1.begin(), s1.end());

    // sort(s2.begin(), s2.end());

    // cout<<"After sort string 1 is "<<s1<<" and string 2 is "<<s2<<endl;

    // if (s1==s2)

    // {

    //     cout<<"So clearly, strings are Anagram";

    // }

    // else

    // {

    //     cout<<"we can see, strings are Not an Anagram";

    // }

    /\*

    What's1 in your mind

    Enter the first string   -  shruti

    Now, Enter the Second string   -  rutish

    After sort string 1 is hirstu and string 2 is hirstu

    So clearly, strings are Anagram

    What's1 in your mind

    Enter the first string   -  Madhuri

    Now, Enter the Second string   -  ridhima

    After sort string 1 is Madhiru and string 2 is adhiimr

    we can see, strings are Not an Anagram

    What's1 in your mind

    Enter the first string   -  Muskan

    Now, Enter the Second string   -  upmuskan

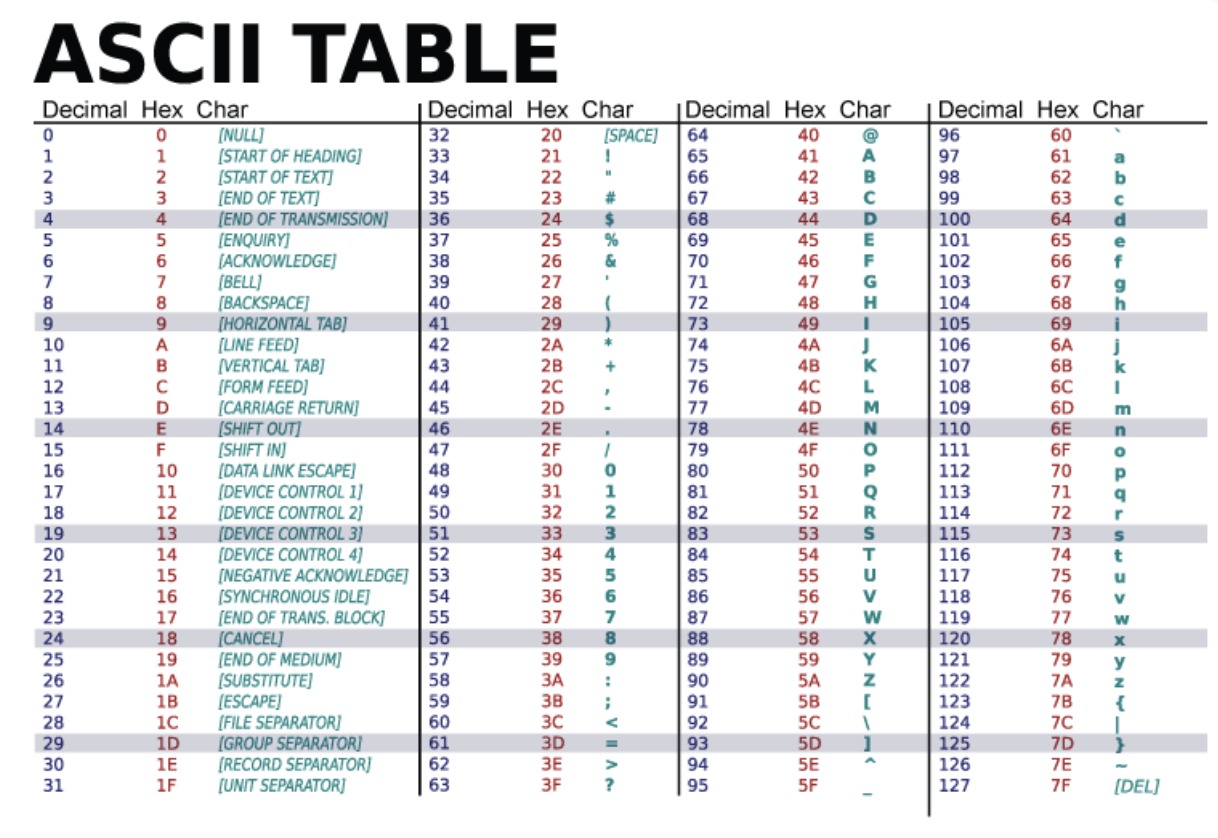
    After sort string 1 is Maknsu and string 2 is akmnpsuu

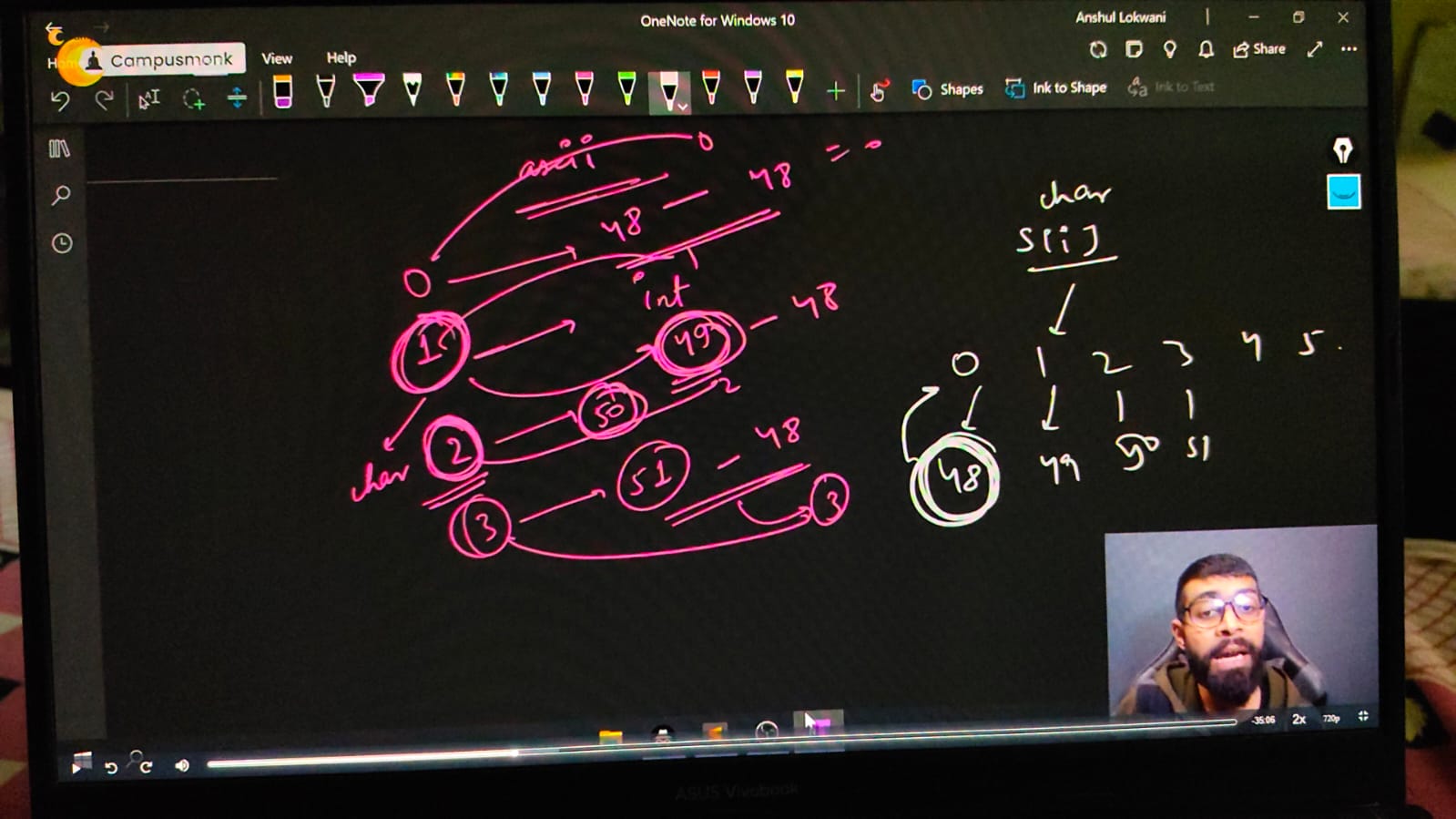
    we can see, strings are Not an Anagram

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 4 - Sum of numbers inside the string.**





    // string s1 = "1578";

    // // Sum of int in a string

    // int sum=0;

    // for (int i = 0; i <s1.size(); i++)

    // {

    //     // sum+=s1[i];

    //     sum+=s1[i]-'0'; // OR

    //     // sum+=s1[i]-48;

    // }

    // cout<<"So, the sum of int inside string is - "<<sum<<endl;

    // So, the sum of int inside string is - 213 - which is wrong because in string int deals with Ascii value as its a character in a string. So its giving the sum of ASCII values of ths entered integers

    // So, for overoming this int problem in string we need to substract 45 which is ASCII value of

    /\*

    So, the sum of int inside string is - 21

    \*/

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Capital & SMall characters OR Lower & Upper case in String -**

    // string a = "abc";

    // string b = "ABC";

    // if (a==b)

    // {

    //     cout<<"Yes"<<endl;

    // }

    // // So cleaarly it isn't printing anything as both are different because of Ascii values.

    // cout<<int('A')<<endl;//65

    // cout<<int('Z')<<endl;//90

    // cout<<int('a')<<endl;//97

    // cout<<int('z')<<endl;//122

    // cout<<int('0')<<endl;//48

    // cout<<int('9')<<endl;//57

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Lower & Upper case -**

**// Qun 5 -  make first letter capital of given string or user taken string, but if already capital then no need to change anything -**

    // string a = "shruti";

    // 📌 Logic - For making first letter capital of given small case string , simple substract the no. 32 which is ASCII Value difference of a-A : 97-65 = 32. and applicable for all the alphabets

    // a[0]-=32;

    // cout<<a<<endl;//Shruti.

    // string a1;

    // cout<<"What word you want to write and conver the first lower letter into upper letter"<<endl;

    // getline(cin, a1);

    // // cout<<"So the changes is here -  "<<a1<<endl;//So the changes is here -  Google

    // // but what if I alreaady write first letter capital in the string with this logic. then we get any another result, so the condition for avoiding that is -

    // if (a1[0]>='a'&& a1[0]<='z')

    // {

    // a1[0]-=32;

    // }

    // cout<<"So the changes is here -  "<<a1<<endl;

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 6 -  make first letter Small of given string or user taken string, but if already Small then no need to change anything -**

    // string a1;

    // cout<<"What word you want to write and conver the first lower letter into lowewr letter"<<endl;

    // getline(cin, a1);//Google

    // if (a1[0]>='A'&& a1[0]<='Z')

    // {

    //     a1[0]+=32;

    // }

    // cout<<"So the changes is here -  "<<a1<<endl;//So the changes is here -  google

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// // Qun - For the entirre string convert small string to capital string**

    //     string a1;

    //     cout<<"What's1 in your mind for upper letter converison"<<endl;

    //     getline(cin, a1);

    //     for (int i = 0; i < a1.size(); i++)//google

    //     {

    //         if (a1[i]>='a' && a1[i]<='z')

    //         {

    //             a1[i]-=32;

    //         }

    //     }

    //     cout<<"So, string we got in Upper Case is "<<a1<<endl;//GOOGLE

    /\*

    What word you want to write and conver the first lower letter into lowewr letter

    microsoft

    So, string we got in Upper Case is MICROSOFT

    What word you want to write and conver the first lower letter into lowewr letter

    MicroSoft

    So, string we got in Upper Case is MICROSOFT

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 7 - For the entirre string convert Upper string to Lower string**

    // string a1;

    // cout<<"What's1 in yor mind for lower letter strig - "<<endl;

    // getline(cin, a1);

    // for (int i = 0; i < a1.size(); i++)//google

    // {

    //     if (a1[i]>='A' && a1[i]<='Z')

    //     {

    //         a1[i]+=32;

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"So, string we got in Upper Case is "<<a1<<endl;//GOOGLE

    /\*

    What's1 in yor mind for lower letter strig -

    ATLASSIAN

    So, string we got in Upper Case is atlassian

    What's1 in yor mind for lower letter strig -

    AtlassIan

    So, string we got in Upper Case is atlassian

    \*/

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

    // Upper to Lower using shortcuts -

    // string s1 = "Microsoft";

    // // s1[0]= tolower(s1[0]);

    // cout<<s1<<endl; // microsoft

    // s1[3]= toupper(s1[3]);

    // cout<<s1<<endl;//MicRosoft

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 8 - change all the cases of string.**

    //     string s1 = "sHubhAm";

    //     for (int i = 0; i < s1.size(); i++)

    //     {

    //         if (s1[i]>='a' && s1[i]<='z')

    //         {

    //             s1[i]-=32;

    //         }

    //         else if (s1[i]>='A' && s1[i]<='Z')

    //         {

    //             s1[i]+=32;

    //         }

    //         else

    //         {

    //             cout<<"This is not an alphabetical character here"<<endl;

    //         }

    //     }

    //     cout<<"So, after the case changes the string we have is - "<<s1<<endl;//So, after the case changes the string we have is - ShUBHaM

    //     // Now by taking user input manualy -

    //     string s2;

    //     cout<<"What's in your minf Babes ..!!"<<endl;

    //     getline(cin, s2);

    //     for (int i = 0; i < s2.size(); i++)

    //     {

    //         if (s2[i]>='a' && s2[i]<='z')

    //         {

    //             s2[i]-=32;

    //         }

    //         else if (s2[i]>='A' && s2[i]<='Z')

    //         {

    //             s2[i]+=32;

    //         }

    //         else

    //         {

    //             cout<<"This is not an alphabetical character here"<<endl;

    //         }

    //     }

    //     cout<<"So, after the case changes the string we have is - "<<s2<<endl;

    /\*

    So, after the case changes the string we have is - ShUBHaM

    What's in your minf Babes ..!!

    nAmAn

    So, after the case changes the string we have is - NaMaN

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**//  String another operations -**

**// String additioon -**

    string a = "Microsoft ", b = "Hyderabad";

    string c = a + " " + b;

    cout << c << endl; // Microsoft Hyderabad

    // w/o using any 3rd string

    a += b;

    cout << a << endl; /// Microsoft Hyderabad

**// Qun 9 - Remove Vowels, COnsonants from the given string.**

**// Remove vowels from string -**

    // string s = "Microsoft";

    // for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++)

    // {

    //     if (!(s[i] == 'a' ||s[i] == 'e' ||s[i] == 'i' ||s[i] == 'o' ||s[i] == 'u' || s[i] == 'A' ||s[i] == 'E' ||s[i] == 'I' ||s[i] == 'O' ||s[i] == 'U'))

    //     {

    //         cout<<s[i];

    //     }

    // }

    // o/p -  Mcrsft

    // \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Remove Consonants from string -**

    // string s = "Microsoft";

    // for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++)

    // {

    //     if ((s[i] == 'a' ||s[i] == 'e' ||s[i] == 'i' ||s[i] == 'o' ||s[i] == 'u' || s[i] == 'A' ||s[i] == 'E' ||s[i] == 'I' ||s[i] == 'O' ||s[i] == 'U'))

    //     {

    //         cout<<s[i];

    //     }

    // }

    // o/p - ioo

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**//Qun 10 - Distinguish Vowels and Consonants in a given string -**

    // string s;

    // cout << "Buddy, what are you thinking about " << endl;

    // getline(cin, s);

    // string vwls, cnsnnts, NoALphaChar;

    // for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++)

    // {

    //     if ((s[i] >= 'a' && s[i] <= 'z') || (s[i] >= 'A' && s[i] <= 'Z') || s[i]==' ')

    //     {

    //         if (s[i] == 'a' || s[i] == 'e' || s[i] == 'i' || s[i] == 'o' || s[i] == 'u' ||

    //             s[i] == 'A' || s[i] == 'E' || s[i] == 'I' || s[i] == 'O' || s[i] == 'U')

    //         {

    //             vwls += s[i];

    //         }

    //         else

    //         {

    //             cnsnnts += s[i];

    //         }

    //     }

    //     else

    //     {

    //         NoALphaChar+=s[i];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout << "So, all voweks of givenstring is - " << vwls << endl;

    // cout << "So, all consonants of givenstring is - " << cnsnnts << endl;

    // cout << "It's not an alphabetical character: " << NoALphaChar << endl;

    /\*

    Buddy, what are you thinking about

    Shubham Mahajan 880

    So, all voweks of givenstring is - uaaaa

    So, all consonants of givenstring is - Shbhm Mhjn

    It's not an alphabetical character: 880

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 11 - common letters sequences in a string -**

**// Using shortcut menthod of STL -**

    // string text,pattern;

    // cin>>text>>pattern;

    // size\_t index = text.find(pattern,5);

    // if (index!=string::npos)

    // {

    //     cout<<index<<endl;

    // }

    /\*

    abcdefabcghijabc

    abc

    6

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**//Qun 12 - For given two strings check that are rotation of each other or not?**

    // string two,one;

    // cout<<"write string one and two respectively "<<endl;

    // cin>>one>>two;

    // /\*

    // Rotation concept - Campus - 1st :-scampu, 2nd:-uscamp, 3rd:-puscam, 4th:-mpusca, 5th:-ampusc, 6th :=campus

    // 📌 Logic - if we write twuce a string then it can create all possible rotation of itself.

    // \*/

    // string check = one+one;

    // auto index = check.find(two);//using find function

    // if (index != string::npos)//STL Vector Part

    // {

    //     cout<<"Yes, they are rotation  of each other";

    // }

    // else

    // {

    //     cout<<"No, they are not";

    // }

    /\*

    write string one and two respectively

    abc

    bac

    No, they are not

    write string one and two respectively

    abc

    bca

    Yes, they are rotation  of each other

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**//Qun 13 - Enter the First Non-Repeating Character from the given string -**

//     string s3;

//     cout << "WHat's the text wants to share" << endl;

//     cin >> s3;

//     for (int i = 0; i < s3.size(); i++)

//     {

//         bool  repeating = false;

//         for (int j = 0; j < s3.size(); j++)

//         {

//             if (j!=i)// jis pr khade h usko check nhi krna h, otherwise matlb hi kya non repeatinhg check krne ka

//             {

//                 if (s3[j]==s3[i])

//                 {

//                     repeating = true;

//                     break; // agr ek baar repeating hua to agge bhui hoga hi              }

//             }

//         }

//     }

//     if (repeating == false)

//     {

//         cout<<s3[i]<<endl;

//         return 0;

//     }

// }

// cout<<"Not Found"<<endl;

/\*

WHat's the text wants to share

abdbcdaeghh

c

WHat's the text wants to share

naman

m

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**//Qun 14- Find the First Repeating element of the string -**

// string s3;

// cout << "WHat's the text wants to share" << endl;

// cin >> s3;

// for (int i = 0; i < s3.size(); i++)

// {

//     for (int j = 0; j < s3.size(); j++)

//     {

//         if (j!=i)

//         {

//             if (s3[j]==s3[i])

//             {

//                 cout<<"First Repeating String is - "<<s3[i];

//                 return 0;

//             }

//         }

//     }

// }

/\*

WHat's the text wants to share

zxanfgung

First Repeating String is - n

WHat's the text wants to share

naman

First Repeating String is - n

WHat's the text wants to share

shubham

First Repeating String is - h

\*/

**// Method - 2**

// string s4;

// cout << "WHat's the text wants to share" << endl;

// cin >> s4;

// for (int i = 0; i < s4.size(); i++)

// {

//     int count=0;

//     for (int j = 0; j < s4.size(); j++)

//     {

//         if (s4[j]==s4[i])

//         {

//             count++;

//         }

//     }

//     if (count>1)

//     {

//         cout<<"First Repeated character is - "<<s4[i]<<"  and repeated - "<<count<<" times"<<endl;

//         return 0;

//     }

// }

// cout<<"Not found the repeated character"<<endl;

/\*

WHat's the text wants to share

shubham

First Repeated character is - h  and repeated - 2 times

WHat's the text wants to share

naman

First Repeated character is - n  and repeated - 2 times

WHat's the text wants to share

indrajeet

First Repeated character is - e  and repeated - 2 times

WHat's the text wants to share

Mahajan

First Repeated character is - a  and repeated - 3 times

WHat's the text wants to share

Pradhyumn

Not found the repeated character

\*/

}

**Matrix OR 2D Array in CPP –**

Matrix/2-D Array Programs -

1 - Basic Input/Output of 2D Array.

2 - Print Sum of all elements in the matrix -

3 - check for the target element that it is present in the matrix or not, if present then print Yes.

4 - Find the absolute difference of both diagonal elements of a Matrix

5 - Find the sum of only boundary elements in the matrix -

6 - Transpose of a Matrix -

7 - Rotate the Matrix by 180 degrees.

8 - Rotate the array by 90 CLW.

9 - Rotate the array by 90 ACLW.

**Matrix OR 2D Array in CPP –**

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

// #include <iostream>

// #include<algorithm>

// #include<climits>

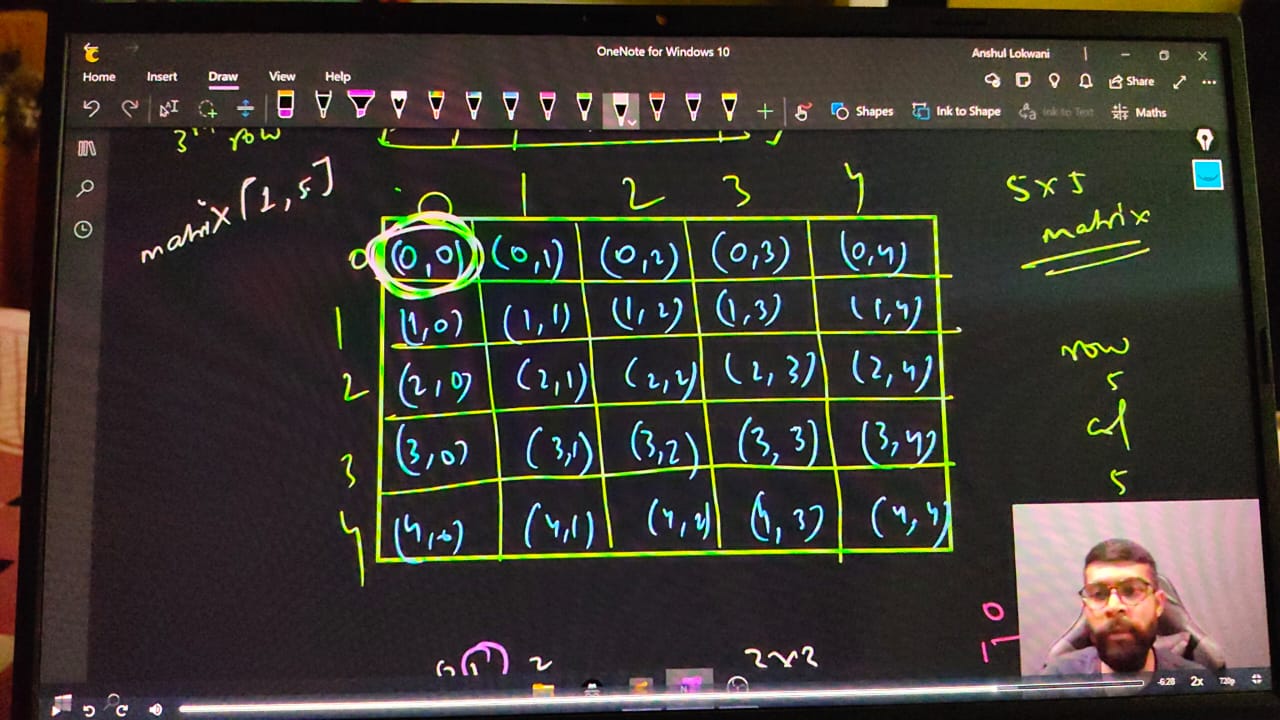
// #include<string>

// #include<cctype>

using namespace std;

int main()

{



  /\*

**initialize a 2D Array -**

**Standard Syntax -**

    DATATYPE Name ARRAYNAME[No.of Row][No.ofColumn];

    \*/

    // int matrix[5][5];

    // matrix[1][2] = 10;

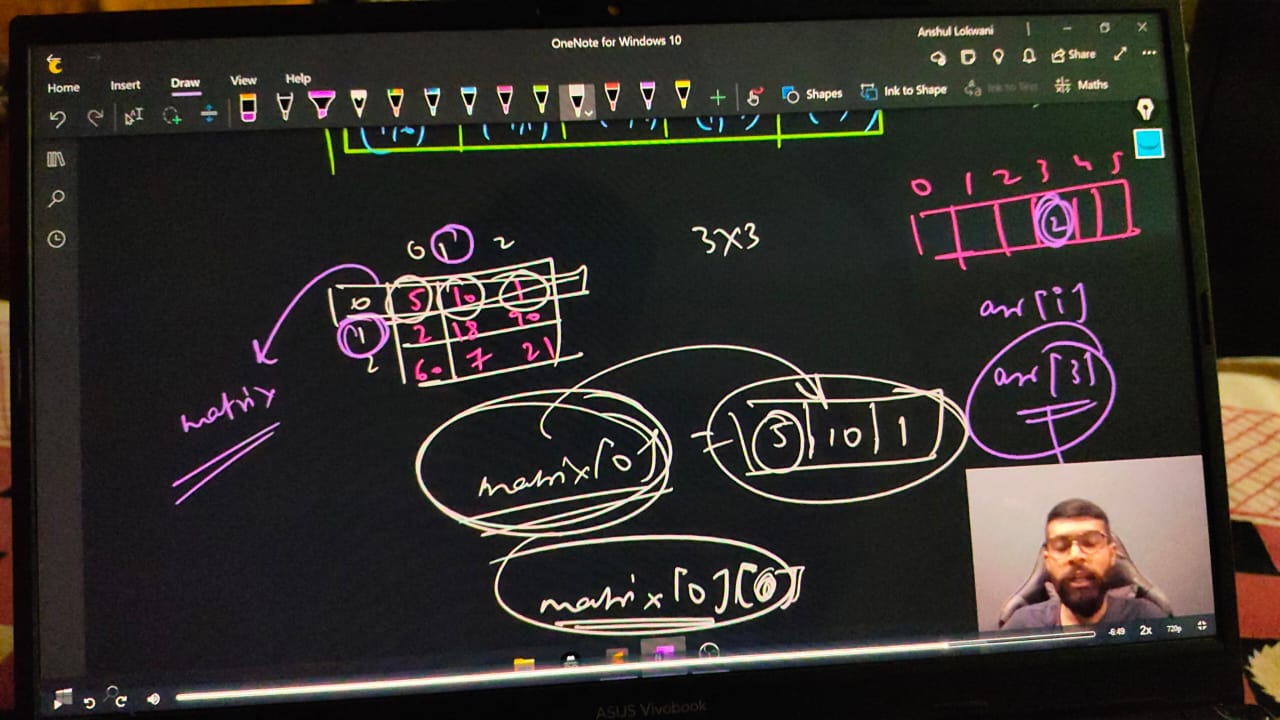
    // cout << matrix[1][2]; // 10

    // cout << endl;

    //    taking input manally for a single value

    // cin>>matrix[1][2];//75

    // cout<<matrix[1][2];//75



**// taking inputs for all the values of matrix -**

    // int n,m;

    // cout<<"Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively"<<endl;

    // cin>>n>>m;

    // int matrix2[n][m];

    // cout<<"Now, enter the elements value"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin>>matrix2[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

**// // Printing the entered matrix -**

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout<<matrix2[i][j]<<" ";

    //     }

    //     cout<<endl;

    // }

    /\*

    Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively

    3 3

    Now, enter the elements value

    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

    1 2 3

    4 5 6

    7 8 9

    \*/

**// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**// Qun2 - Print SUm of all elements in the matrix -**

    // int n,m;

    // cout<<"Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively"<<endl;

    // cin>>n>>m;

    // int matrix2[n][m];

    // // taking input from user

    // cout<<"Now, enter the elements value"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin>>matrix2[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // // Printing the entered matrix -

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout<<matrix2[i][j]<<" ";

    //     }

    //     cout<<endl;

    // }

    //     int sum=0;

    // // Printing the sum of entered matrix -

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         sum+=matrix2[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"So, the sum of entire matrix is - "<<sum<<endl;

    /\*

Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively

3 3

Now, enter the elements value

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

1 2 3

4 5 6

7 8 9

So, the sum of entire matrix is - 45

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// QUn 3 -check for the target element that it is present in the matrix or not, if present then print Yes.**

    // int n, m;

    // cout << "Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively" << endl;

    // cin >> n >> m;

    // int matrix2[n][m];

    // // taking input from user

    // cout << "Now, enter the elements value" << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin >> matrix2[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // // Printing the entered matrix -

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout<<matrix2[i][j]<<" ";

    //     }

    //     cout<<endl;

    // }

    // int target;

    // cout << "So, what's the targeted element - " << endl;

    // cin >> target;

    // // Printing the sum of entered matrix -

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         if (matrix2[i][j]==target)

    //         {

    //             cout<<"Yes it's present and the address is: row no-  "<<i<<" & column no-  "<<j<<" having targeted value-  "<<matrix2[i][j];

    //             return 0;

    //         }

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"Sorry, Element Not FOund Bruh.."<<endl;

    /\*

    Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively

    3 3

    Now, enter the elements value

    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

    1 2 3

    4 5 6

    7 8 9

    So, what's the targeted element -

    6

    Yes it's present and the address is: row no-  1 & column no-  2 having targeted value-  6

    Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively

    3 3

    Now, enter the elements value

    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

    1 2 3

    4 5 6

    7 8 9

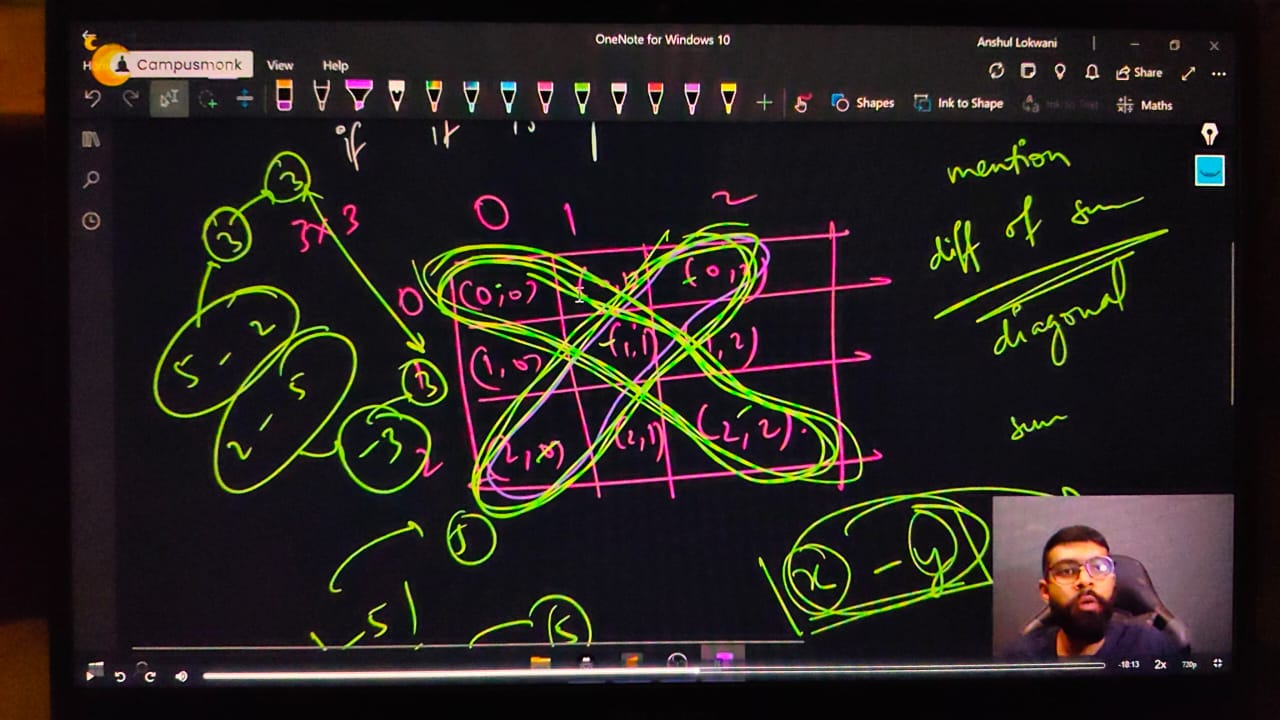
    So, what's the targeted element -

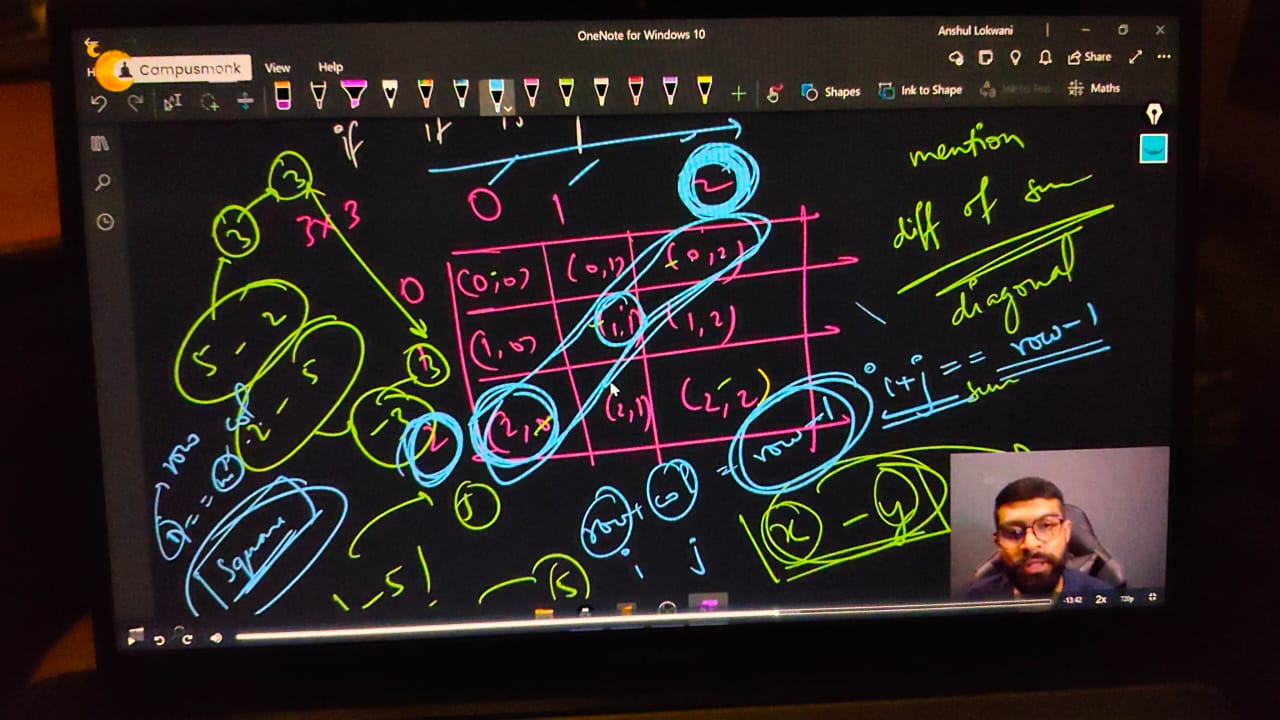
    15

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// QUn 4 - Find the absolute difference of both diagonal elemenmts of a Matrix -**





    // int rows, colms;

    // cout << "Enter the roes and column va;ues resprectively" << endl;

    // cin >> rows >> colms;

    // int matrix[rows][colms];

    // cout << "Enter the elements of matrix - " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < colms; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin >> matrix[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout << "So, youe entered matrix is - " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < colms; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    // int SumofDiagonal1 = 0;

    // int SumofDiagonal2 = 0;

    // // for principle diagonal elements sum - its sum of dialoganl1

    // for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < colms; j++)

    //     {

    //         if (i == j)

    //         {

    //             SumofDiagonal1 += matrix[i][j];

    //         }

    //         if (i + j == rows - 1)

    //         {

    //             SumofDiagonal2 += matrix[i][j];

    //         }

    //     }

    // }

    // // For another dialognal sum -

    // cout << "So the sum of PDE is - " << SumofDiagonal1 << " and another diagonal is  " << SumofDiagonal2 << endl;

    // cout << "So, clearly the difference of both diagonals is -  " << abs(SumofDiagonal1 - SumofDiagonal2) << endl;

    // For the absolute difference using abs functin

    /\*

    Enter the roes and column va;ues resprectively

    3 3

    Enter the elements of matrix -

    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

    So, youe entered matrix is -

    1 2 3

    4 5 6

    7 8 9

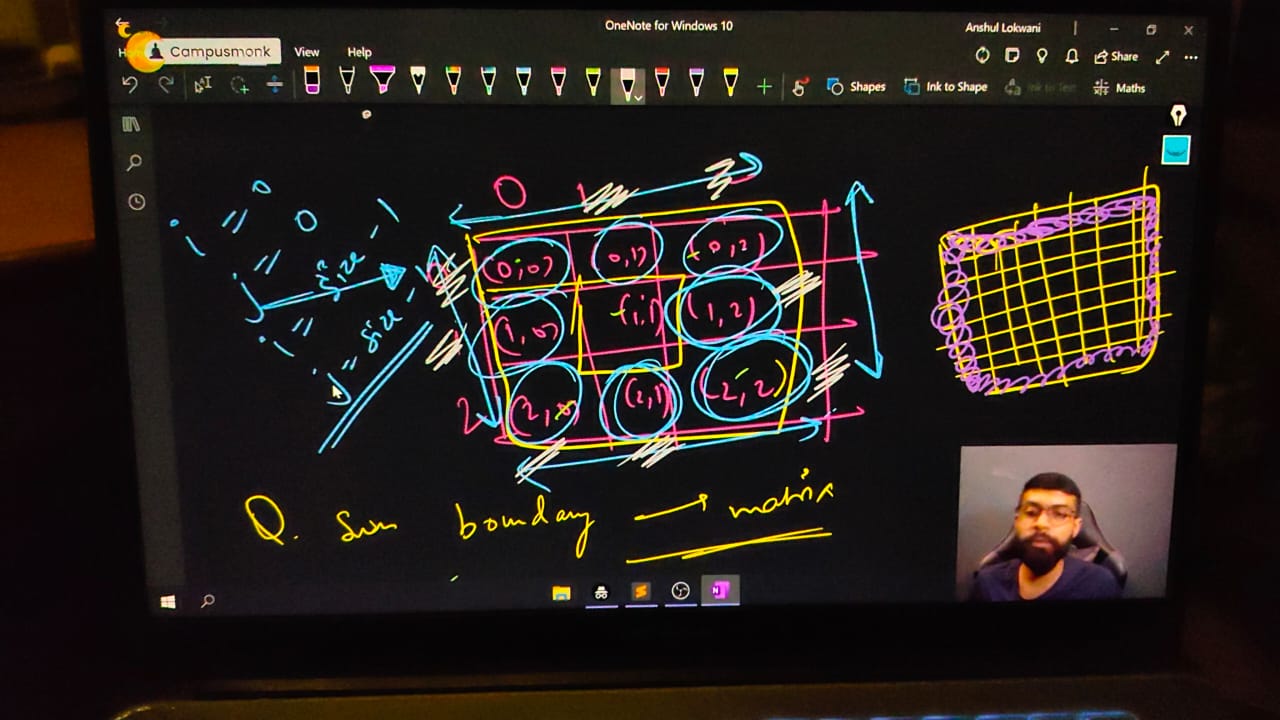
    So the sum of PDE is - 15 and another diagonal is  15

    So, clearly the difference of both diagonals is -  0

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 5 - Find the sum of only boundary elements in the matrix –**



    // int n, m;

    // cout << "Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively" << endl;

    // cin >> n >> m;

    // int matrix2[n][m];

    // // taking input from user

    // cout << "Now, enter the elements value" << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin >> matrix2[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // // Printing the entered matrix -

    // cout<<"So, your inserted elements in matrix is - "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix2[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    // // For Boundry ELemnets Sum -

    // // 📌 Logic - row & colm is max and min which is 0 and n-1,m-1

    // int boundary\_sum = 0;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         if (i == 0 || j == 0 || i == n - 1 || j == m - 1)

    //         {

    //             boundary\_sum += matrix2[i][j];

    //         }

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"So the sum of all boundaries is - "<<boundary\_sum<<endl;

    /\*

    Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively

    3 3

    Now, enter the elements value

    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

    1 2 3

    4 5 6

    7 8 9

    So the sum of all boundaries is - 40

    Enter the no. of rows and columns respectively

    3 4

    Now, enter the elements value

    12 5 4 10 7 3 6 9

    1 2 5 3 4 7 6 9 8

    So, your inserted elements in matrix is -

    12 5 4 10

    7 3 6 9

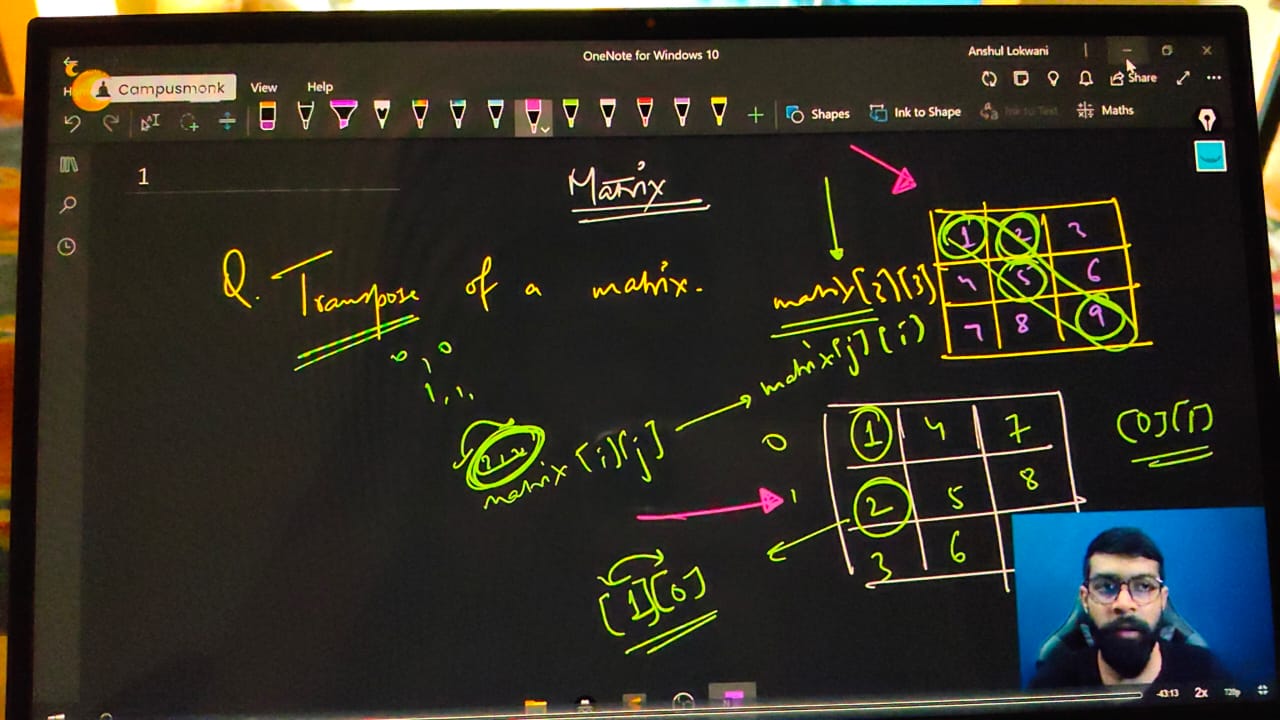
    1 2 5 3

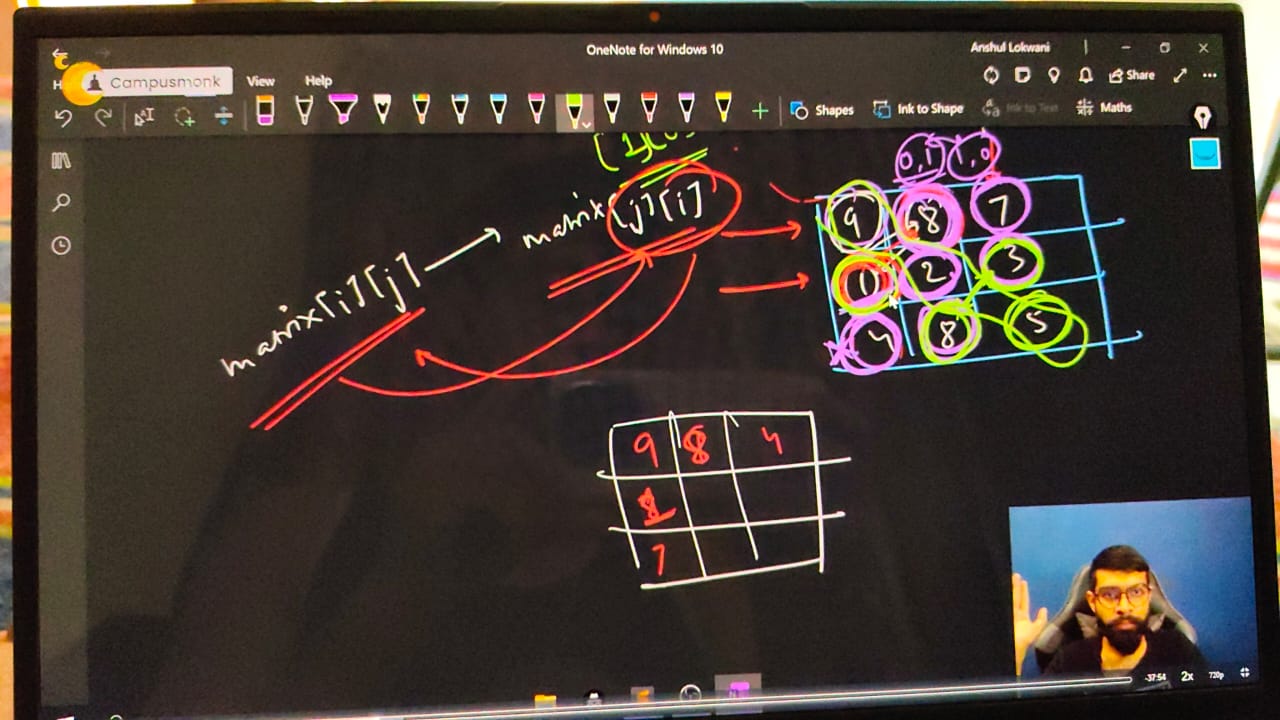
    So the sum of all boundaries is - 58

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 6 - Transpose of a Matrix –**





    // int n, m;

    // cout << "ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want" << endl;

    // cin >> n >> m;

    // int matrix[n][m];

    // cout << "Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin >> matrix[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<endl;

    // cout << "So, the entered Array Matrix is - " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    // cout << endl;

    // For Printing the Transposed Matrices -

    /\*

    diagonal ke phle phle hi swap kr rhe h qki uske baad bhi krenge to vapas vvahii matrix aa jayega. That's why used j<i. diagonal ke under under

    Diagonal ke left me - using for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)

    Diagonal ke right me - using for(int j=i; j<n; j++)

    simple diagonal ki ek side ko dusrti side se swap krna he. agr dono side se swap krenge to vapas vahi matrix milega

    \*/

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)

    //     {

    //         swap(matrix[i][j], matrix[j][i]);

    //     }

    // }

    // cout << "And the Transposed Matrices is " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    /\*

    ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want

    3 3

    Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers

    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

    So, the entered Array Matrix is -

    1 2 3

    4 5 6

    7 8 9

    So, the Transposed Matrices is

    1 4 7

    2 5 8

    3 6 9

    ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want

    3 3

    Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers

    15 10 12 23 56 45 90 87 30

    So, the entered Array Matrix is -

    15 10 12

    23 56 45

    90 87 30

    And the Transposed Matrices is

    15 23 90

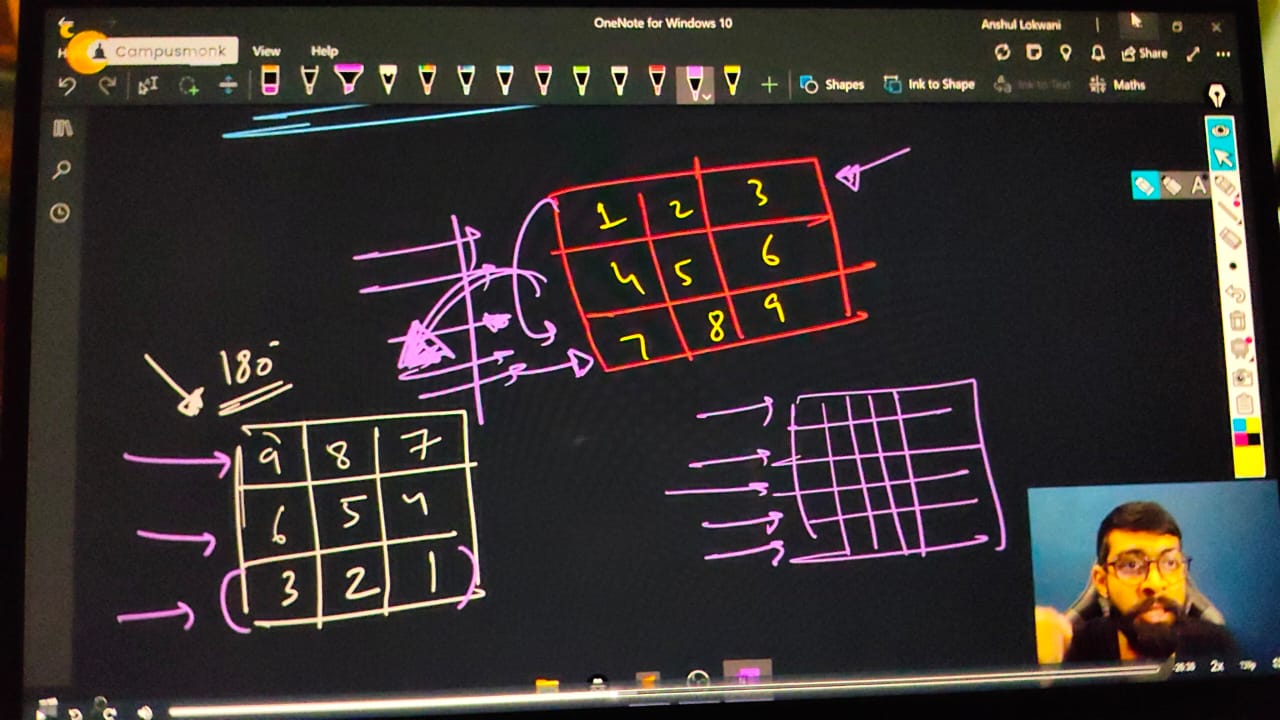
    10 56 87

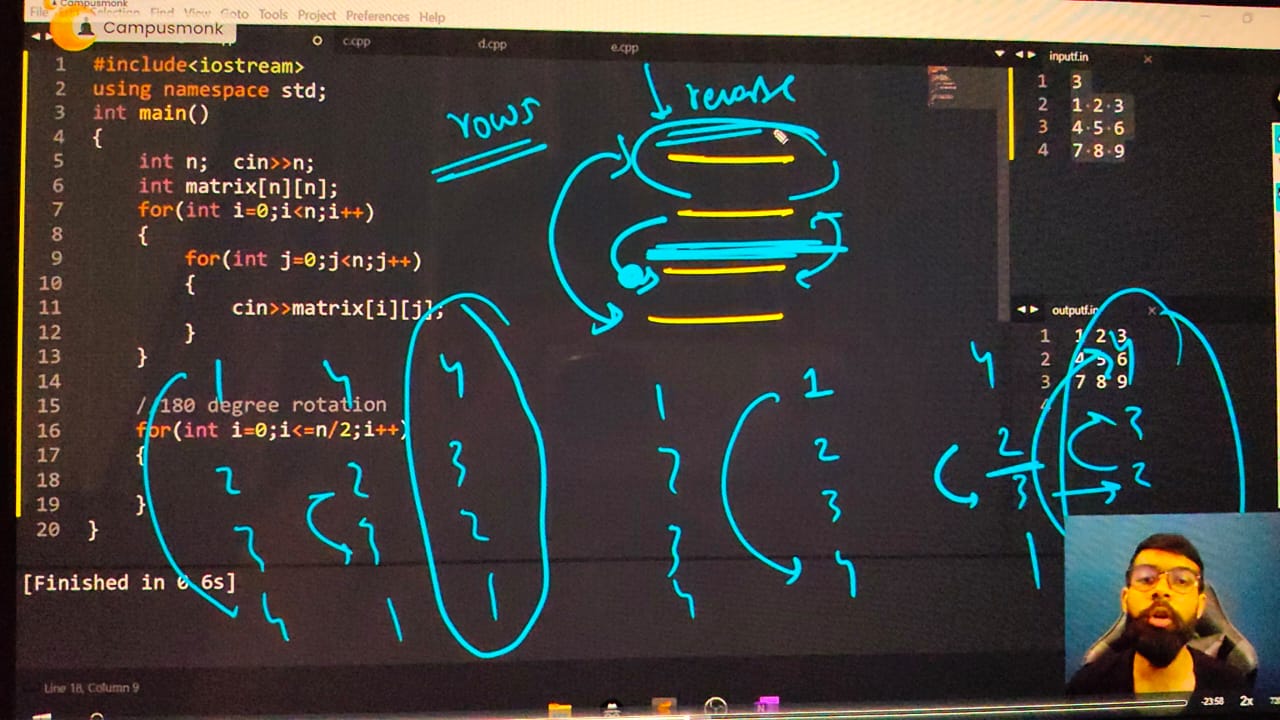
    12 45 30

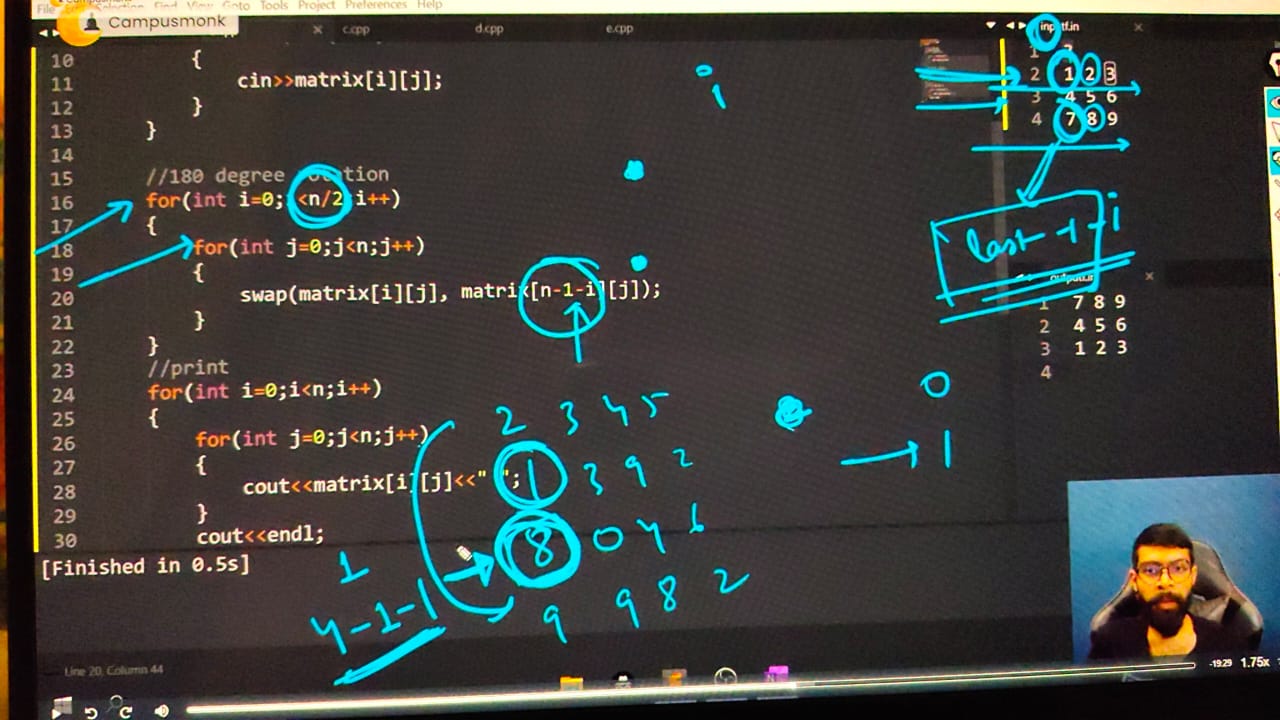
    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 7 - Rotate the Matrix by 180 degree.**







    // int n, m;

    // cout << "ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want" << endl;

    // cin >> n >> m;

    // int matrix[n][m];

    // cout << "Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin >> matrix[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout << endl;

    // cout << "So, the entered Array Matrix is - " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    // // For 180 degree rotation of AMatrix

    // /\*

    // 📌 Logic - 180 rotate krne k liye samajh aaya  ki 1st row ko last row se swap krna he and 2nd rowe ko last 2nd se. or 1st and 3rd rows ke elements ko reverse krna he.

    //  - phle 1st row ko last se swap kiya phr 2nd row ko 2nd last se kiya to yh to pura reverse ho gya matrix which is 180 degree rotation

    //  - to agr n rowws he to n/2 times swap hoga - for reverse all rows

    //  - Remeber in matrix - bich waali row ko bich waali row se ya 1st ko last se - we use subsequent row which is alsywas given as -  n(TotalRows)-1-i(roww no)

    //  \*/

    // Row Swap

    // for (int i = 0; i < n / 2; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         swap(matrix[i][j], matrix[n - 1 - i][j]);// n-1-i uses for get the subsequennt row of current row

    //     }

    // }

    // // Reverse bhi krna he elements ko so that could be in 180 deg

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    // // Syntax for reverse - reverse(ARRAYNAME, ARRAYNAME+ARRAYSIZE)

    // // Modified syntax as per trials - reverse(ARRAYNAME+jaha tk reverse krna ho, ARRAYNAME+jaha se reverse krna ho)

    //     reverse(matrix[i], matrix[i]+n);

    // }

    // cout<<"The Matrix after Rotations is - "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    /\*

    ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want

    3 3

    Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers

    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

    So, the entered Array Matrix is -

    1 2 3

    4 5 6

    7 8 9

    The Matrix after Rotations is -

    9 8 7

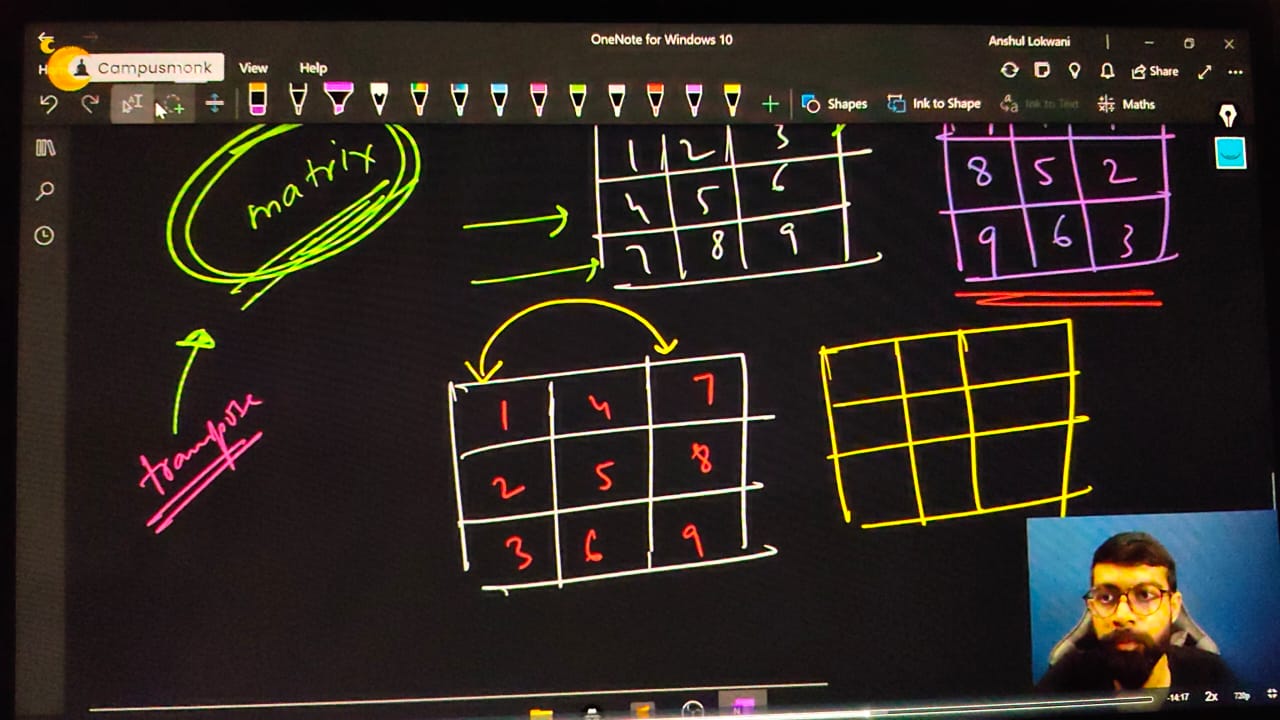
    6 5 4

    3 2 1

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 8 - Rotate the array by 90 CLW.**



    // int n, m;

    // cout << "ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want" << endl;

    // cin >> n >> m;

    // int matrix[n][m];

    // cout << "Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin >> matrix[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout << endl;

    // cout << "So, the entered Array Matrix is - " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    // /\*

    // 📌 Logic - 1) ro to column from last to 1st column

    // OR 2) take traspose and then swap columns

    // \*/

    // // Tanspose Mat -

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = i; j < n; j++)

    //     {

    //         swap(matrix[i][j], matrix[j][i]);

    //     }

    // }

    // // cout<<"The ranspse mat is - "<<endl;

    // // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // // {

    // //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    // //     {

    // //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    // //     }

    // //     cout << endl;

    // // }

    // // Now swap the columns. Column 1 with column 3 and 2nd column with 2nd last column

    // // So for it reverse the columns

    // for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    // {

    //     reverse(matrix[j], matrix[j]+n);

    // }

    // OR using -colun swap

    // for (int i = 0; i < n/2; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)

    //     {

    //         swap(matrix[j][i], matrix[j][n-1-i]);

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"So The Matrix after 90 degree rotation clw is "<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    /\*

    ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want

    3 3

    Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers

    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

    So, the entered Array Matrix is -

    1 2 3

    4 5 6

    7 8 9

    So The Matrix after 90 degree rotation clw is

    7 4 1

    8 5 2

    9 6 3

    \*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**// Qun 9 - Rotate the array by 90 ACLW.**

    // int n, m;

    // cout << "ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want" << endl;

    // cin >> n >> m;

    // int matrix[n][m];

    // cout << "Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cin >> matrix[i][j];

    //     }

    // }

    // cout << endl;

    // cout << "So, the entered Array Matrix is - " << endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

    // /\*

    // 📌 Logic - 1) row to column from 1st to last in reverse order of elements

    // OR 2) take traspose and then swap Rows

    // \*/

    // // Tanspose Mat -

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = i; j < n; j++)

    //     {

    //         swap(matrix[i][j], matrix[j][i]);

    //     }

    // }

    // // cout << "The Transpose matrix is - " << endl;

    // // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // // {

    // //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    // //     {

    // //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    // //     }

    // //     cout << endl;

    // // }

    // //Now swap the rows to get the matrix rotation by 90 degress in ACW Manner -

    // for (int i = 0; i < n / 2; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         swap(matrix[i][j], matrix[n - 1 - i][j]);// n-1-i uses for get the subsequennt row of current row

    //     }

    // }

    // cout<<"and, finally 90 deg rotated Matrix by ACW"<<endl;

    // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

    // {

    //     for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)

    //     {

    //         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";

    //     }

    //     cout << endl;

    // }

/\*

ENter the no. of Roews and Columns you want

3 3

Now insert the matrix elements, mention you favourite Angel numbers

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

So, the entered Array Matrix is -

1 2 3

4 5 6

7 8 9

and, finally 90 deg rotated Matrix by ACW

3 6 9

2 5 8

1 4 7

\*/

// \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

}